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OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

British steamer Robert Ingham was sunk in collision with the North German Lloyd steamer Kronprinz Wilhelm; two men lost their lives. —— President Roosevelt reviewed the G. A. R. parade from his carriage; there were 25,000 men in line. —— A special meeting of stockholders of the A. C. L. is to be held Nov. 17th in Richmond, Va. —— The Southern Veterinary Association is in session at Atlanta. —— Three prominent butchers of Norfolk, Va., have been arrested, charged with conspiracy to defraud the government by operating fictitious bids for supplying meat and vegetables to the Norfolk navy yard. —— The S. A. L. and St. Louis and San Francisco railroads have entered into an agreement. —— Another riot in New Orleans; a dozen or more men injured; troops have been ordered to assist the police. —— The fire in the Texas oil fields was extinguished; the loss is estimated at $150,000; no lives were lost. —— All the miners organizations in Pennsylvania resolved to remain on strike until granted concessions. ——Coal miners in France have declared a general strike; to begin today. ——N. Y. markets: Money on call was quoted firm at 7@15 per cent; cotton was quiet at 8.85c; flour was active and firm; wheat—spot market steady; No. 2 red 75¼c; corn—spot steady; No. 2 69c; oats—spot steady, No. 2, 33½c.; rosin steady, spirits turpentine firm.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 8.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending 8 P. M.:

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 58 degrees; 8 P. M., 66 degrees; maximum, 75 degrees; minimum, 54 degrees; mean, 64 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of month to date, 1.54.

Stage of water in the Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, N. C., at 8 A. M. 6 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Fair weather, with a total absence of rainfall, continues in all sections of the cotton belt. Temperatures are slightly higher in most districts.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8 —For North Carolina: Fair Thursday and Friday; variable winds.

Port Almanac—October 9.

Sun Rises	6.02 A. M.
Sun Sets	5.34 P. M.
Day's Length	11 H. 32 M.
High Water at Southport	12.44 A. M.
High Water Wilmington	3.14 A. M.

It is said that Armour scooped a profit of $1,500,000 on his September wheat corner.

A total eclipse of the moon is billed for the 16th inst. Pritchard's eclipse will follow later.

A club of girls in St. Paul declare they will marry none but union men. Ain't all men who marry union men?

Diamonds are said to be worth $300,000,000 a ton. That's why hotel clerks hardly ever wear one larger than a walnut.

In the first half of this year the gold mines of Australia yielded $38,560,314 worth of the yellow stuff, $3,515,850 more than for the corresponding period of last year.

It is charged in St. Louis that the Beef Trust paints its sausage instead of smoking them, and the St. Louis people who have a hankering for sausage don't like it. They prefer their paint and sausage separately.

When the Florida man wants a barometer he goes out, catches a diamond-back rattle snake, skins it, dries the skin, and hangs up the barometer. Then he knows just what kind of weather he may expect.

A saloon keeper in Chicago named Kausczjaczsinski was arrested a few days ago. We don't know his offence, but no man with such a hard name should be permitted to be at large, for some one might come up against it and get hurt.

The city of Augusta, Ga., has the proud distinction of possessing a coal dealer who refused an offer of $8 a ton by a Northern dealer for a lot of anthracite coal he had and continues to sell it to home folks for $7 a ton.

Indiana had the tallest soldiers in the Union army, during the war between the States, many of them considerably above six feet. But when it comes to reaching for pensions they can't compare to their neighbors in Ohio.

Capt. Rosehill, who was bent on grabbing Marcus Island, which the Japs claim, wants Uncle Sam to collect $4,000,000 from Japan because a Japanese war ship prevented him from squatting. That's probably more than the chunk of dirt and guano is worth.

TRANSFER OF CAPTAIN LUCAS

He Will Leave Last of October for Memphis, Tenn.—His Successor in Charge of the Engineer Corps.

The STAR is certain it voices the sentiment of the community in expressing great regret at the removal from this station to Memphis, Tenn., of Capt. E. W. Van C. Lucas, in charge of the Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., in this city.

Capt. Lucas yesterday received his orders from the Secretary of War and he will leave Wilmington about Oct. 29th for his new post. He will be succeeded here by Capt. E. E. Winslow, of the Corps of Engineers at Memphis, who will enter upon his duties Nov. 1st.

The transfer of Capt. Lucas will be a distinctive loss to the community in more than one respect. Besides a manifestation of much interest in all that pertains to the welfare of the port in his official capacity, he is highly esteemed in Wilmington socially and as a useful citizen. He is a leading member of the Cape Fear Club and a member of its Governing Board, president of the Cape Fear Golf Club, president of L'Arioso German Club and a leading member of The Assembly. Mrs. Lucas is a Wilmington lady and by her many charms of personality has drawn to herself a wide circle of friends, who will regret very much the intended departure. Both Capt. and Mrs. Lucas were social favorites. They will carry with them to their new home the very best wishes of scores of friends.

COAST LINE STOCKHOLDERS.

Special Meeting Called to Take Action on Louisville and Nashville Purchase.

An Associated Press dispatch from New York last night says:

"The directors of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company met in this city to-day and decided to hold a special stockholders' meeting in Richmond, Va., on November 17th, to take action on the Louisville and Nashville purchase. No other business was transacted at to-day's meeting."

Taylor's Bazaar.

The inauguration of the Fall and Winter millinery season at Taylor's Bazaar, which began Tuesday morning and closed last evening at 7 o'clock, was highly successful. There was no attempt at elaborate decoration, but the hats and bonnets were handsomely displayed and embraced all the latest designs in what has now become a fine art, requiring an inventive genius for new styles and a rare degree of taste on the part of those who make the selections from the immense and varied stocks now carried in the fashionable emporiums of the Northern cities. The Bazaar had hundreds of visitors during the two opening days, who greatly admired the display and made many purchases from the attractive stock.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Meet me at the Chamber of of Commerce 12:15 to-day.

— The U. S. buoy tender *Wistaria* arrived up last night, and is tied up at the Custom House wharf.

— Miss Hattie English and Mr. Chas. M. Packer, both of Wilmington, were quietly married last evening at 7 o'clock by Rev. George B. Webster at the parsonage of Bladen Street M. E. church.

— Invitations have been issued to the marriage of Miss Clarkie Purcell Smith, of Maxton, to Mr. Anelem Drake Rogers, of Bennettsville, to take place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John A. Smith, in Maxton, October 23d, at six o'clock P. M.

Two Fires Yesterday.

The burning of an old rice barn across the river, opposite Northrop's mill, called out the Fire Department last night about 10 o'clock. The steamer *Wilmington* was ready to tow a flat with an engine to the fire, but its services were not needed, so the engineer was informed by Chief Schnibben. The barn was a total loss. The fire at 3:05 P. M. yesterday from box 16, Fourth and Brunswick streets, was on account of a small fire in a negro dwelling at 303 Ford's alley.

THE ASSOCIATED CHARITIES.

Report of Treasurer for the Month of September, 1902.

Receipts—New Hanover county, $125.

Disbursements—Secretary's salary, $35; Catherine Kennedy Home, $12.50; groceries, $154; rent for those in need, $4; cash, help, $5; wood, $15.40; railroad fares, $1.80; nourishment for sick, .50; janitor, .50.

Soldier, a Prisoner.

Sergeant David Simmonds and Private Martin Cook, Tenth Company, Coast Artillery, stationed at Fort Getty, S. C., passed through the city yesterday conducting Private Chas. E. Carlson, 102nd Co., Coast Artillery, a prisoner, to Fort Caswell. The party came in on the train from the South Tuesday night and went down to Fort Caswell yesterday.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Wanted—Bids.
S. W. Sanders—Come.
S. & B. Solomon—Holiday.
Academy of Music—Who, What and When, Minstrels.

THE SUPERIOR COURT.

Argument by Counsel to Jury in Penny Case Was Commenced Yesterday Afternoon.

TESTIMONY FOR DEFENDANT.

Eight Witnesses Were Introduced in the Morning in Behalf of the Railroad. Suit of Love Against the C. C R. R. Co. Continued.

Another entire day in the Superior Court was consumed yesterday in a trial of the Penny damage suit against the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company, of South Carolina. All the evidence was in when a recess was taken for dinner, and the afternoon session was given over to argument by counsel to the jury. Mr. Eugene S. Martin led off for the plaintiff in an able and careful exposition of the points of law involved. He was followed by Mr. George Rountree in a similar argument in behalf of the defendant railroad company. Four other speeches are to be made by the plaintiff's counsel, and a like number by the attorneys for the defendant. It is not expected that the case will go to the jury before this afternoon.

Upon the opening of court yesterday at 10 A. M., the defendant introduced its first testimony. Mr. E. Borden, superintendent of transportation for the Atlantic Coast Line, testified as to the rules governing travel and the operation of railway trains. Mr. Louis H. Skinner and Capt. W. A. Snell, who were passengers upon the same train with Mr. Penny when he was shot, testified for the railroad as to the facts of the occurrence. Mr. J. T. L. Jones, a commercial traveller on the same train, also testified as to the occurrence. Henry Cobb, the colored porter on the train, Mail Agent Tom Broadfoot and Mr. W. A. Sue, section master, also testified along the same line. Mr. A. H. Weedon was also a passenger on the train and testified as to his view of the shooting.

Upon the introduction of these witnesses, defendant rested and the plaintiff was content to go to the jury with the issues. A recess was taken and upon the reassembling of court at 3 P. M., argument was begun. The speeches of Messrs. Martin and Rountree consumed about two and a half hours and a recess was taken until to-day.

The attorneys yet to be heard are E. K. Bryan, Herbert McClammy, Marsden Bellamy and A. J. Marshall for the plaintiff and Messrs. Davis & Davis, Bellamy & Peschau and J. O. Carr for the defence.

The damage suit of J. L. Love against the Carolina Central Railroad Co., set for yesterday, has been continued and set for the first case on the first Monday of next term for the trial of civil cases. All other cases on the calendar not reached in their order are continued by a standing rule of the bar. The cases set for to-day are Hilton Lumber Co. vs. A. C. L. R. R. Co., and Ocean View Co. vs. Mercer & Phares. If the Penny suit gets to the jury before the hour for recess this afternoon, one or the other of these cases will be taken up. This is, however, very improbable.

MAGNIFICENT PRODUCTION LAST NIGHT

Appearance of Miss Shay in Carmen an Artistic Triumph—Swell Audience.

The appearance of the Gordon-Shay Opera Company at the Academy of Music last evening, presenting "Carmen," was nothing less than an artistic triumph. The beauty and fashion of the city were there and made up an audience which was large and appreciative in a marked degree.

Miss Shay, the beautiful and talented prima donna, who created such a furore in New York recently, was heralded as second only to the great M. Abbott, and certainly she sustained that reputation in the opinion of hundreds who heard her "Carmen" last evening. Some competent critics even allowed their enthusiasm to prompt the assertion that Miss Shay has no rival on the lyric stage to-day. Miss Shay has been surrounded by Mr. J. Saunders Gordon, the noted New York impresario, with a supporting company that is regarded as one of the strongest in grand opera, the country over. Miss Helene Noldi, as *Micaela*, was superb and Archille Alberti, as *Escamillo*, received quite an ovation upon his appearance in the first part of the opera. John Dunsmure, the baritone, was another prime favorite and the chorus for ensemble work made itself famous.

The scenic effects and costumes were brilliant and the other stage accessories were of an elaborate nature.

The orchestra of eleven pieces was supplemented by Hollowbush's Academy orchestra and made up one of the finest ever heard in the local theatre.

Mr. Robt. Ruark to Wed.

Handsome invitations reading as follows have been received by friends in the city: "Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Westbrook request your presence at the marriage of their daughter Hattie Gibbons, to Mr. Robert Ruark, Wednesday morning, Oct. 22nd, 1902, at 10 o'clock, Sunshine Cottage, Wallace, N. C.

Mr. Vanderlip's Coming.

Hon. F. A. Vanderlip, of New York, vice president of the National City Bank, who has consented to visit Wilmington and make a speech before the Chamber of Commerce, has fixed October 31st as the date for his visit. His subject will be announced later.

MR. PAUL GILMORE TO-NIGHT.

Will Be Seen in Metropolitan Production of "Tyranny of Tears"—The Merry Minstrels on Saturday.

Paul Gilmore will appear at the Academy of Music to-night in Hadden Chamber's delightful comedy, "The Tyranny of Tears." Mr. Gilmore has trod the boards less than a decade, but five years of that period have been devoted to starring tours in romantic and other plays. In his interpretation of the complex and difficult character of *Mr. Parbury* in "Tyranny of Tears," he displays a talent that has broadened wonderfully in the past few years and gives every promise of a successful future for his advancement in his art, which has been unvarying in its rapidity. There is one scene in "The Tyranny of Tears" where the hero's wife is about to leave him unless he discharges *Miss Hyacinth Woodward*, his secretary, who is invaluable to him, in obedience to her caprice. The chivalry of the man forbids his sending the girl back to an unhappy and uncomfortable home, since she is not at fault. He knows the unreasoning obstinacy of his wife's character, feels sure she will execute her threat, but displays a winsome simplicity and wholesome courage through the entire scene together with a sense of humor that in no way disturbs the earnestness of purpose or sense of duty which are dominating him. The company chosen by Jules Murry to interpret this comedy is a notably proficient one and includes several actresses whose talent is equaled by their beauty.

Seats are now on sale at the Academy's down town box office at Plummer's.

Who, What, When, Minstrels—At special matinee and at night, Saturday, the Who, What, When, Where Minstrels will hold the boards at the Academy. The matinee will be the first of its kind in Wilmington in years. Bargain prices, 25 and 50 cents will prevail.

The minstrel company is said to be a splendid one and is composed of A1 burnt cork artists. Such well known vaudeville stars as Frosto and Wardo Weaver and Donna, Hogan Brothers, Goldsmith and Hoppe, Sherwood and Fox, and Hi Tom Ward are with the company. Of course, the usual noonday street parade and theatre concerts will be given.

NEWS OF THE MARKETS AND SHIPPING

Daily Meeting of Commerce Chamber Members—Cotton Steamer Cleared.

For the first time this season spirits turpentine went to 50 cents yesterday on the local market. Receipts were 47 casks.

After discharging cargo of 478 bales of cotton at the compresses of Messrs. Sprunt & Son, the steamer *Planter* returned to Georgetown, S. C., yesterday morning.

The British steamer *Gladys* cleared yesterday with a cargo of 7,010 bales of cotton, consigned by Messrs. Sprunt & Son to parties in Bremen, Germany. The receipts of cotton yesterday were 3,431 bales against 906 bales, same day last year.

James Monroe, a colored stevedore assisting in loading the schooner *Pasadena*, fell from the top of the slide, a distance of 20 feet, into the river yesterday afternoon. The only damage was a good washing, which might have been not out of place.

The Chamber of Commerce is experimenting with the proposition to have as many members as possible meet on the Exchange floors for an interchange of views, etc., each day at 12:15 o'clock. Such a meeting, it is set forth, will be mutually beneficial to all.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.

Expression from the Board of Health Upon Capt. J. H. McRee's Death.

At a meeting of the Board of Health of the city of Wilmington, held yesterday, the following resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, Since the last meeting of this Board Joseph H. McRee, one of its most faithful and efficient members, has suddenly passed away; therefore be it

Resolved, That in the death of Mr. McRee, this Board has lost a helpful counsellor and friend, who was always prompt and regular in attending its meetings, and ever anxious to discharge his public duties fearlessly and faithfully.

As an engineer he had an established reputation, and was rapidly growing in public esteem; as a citizen he took an active and intelligent interest in promoting the welfare of society; and in all the private relations of life he was a true, honorable, brave and kindly gentleman, whose loss we deplore.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent by the secretary to the city papers also to the family of the deceased with an expression of the profound sympathy of this Board in their affliction.

A. M. WADDELL, Chairman.
CHAS. T. HARPER, M.D., Secretary.

TRANSFERS OF REAL ESTATE.

Deeds Filed for Official Record Yesterday at the Court House.

The following transfers were recorded yesterday at the Court House:

Rachael Burnett, executrix of Alfred Lloyd, of Pender county, to J. J. Mohr, lot 66x75 feet in size, at northwest corner of Gwyn and Dickinson streets; consideration, $375.

Leonidas B. Southerland to Mrs. Ida Fickling Southerland, all his one-eighth interest in the policy of insurance upon the life of his father, the late T. J. Southerland, which money was used by his mother, Mrs. C. B. Southerland, and which claim is against her estate.

HON. CYRUS B. WATSON

Spoke to an Appreciative Audience in the Court House Last Night.

NATIONAL AND STATE ISSUES

Said the People Looked to the East for Majority to Overcome Possible Minority in the West—A Shot at the Independents, Etc.

The crowd which heard the Hon. Cyrus B. Watson in the Court House last night was not large for a combination of reasons, but those who were present heard in a speech of about an hour and a half the plain, undefiled Democratic truth so characteristic of the noble champion of the people's rights that Mr. Watson is known to be.

The meeting was called to order by Chairman Geo. L. Peschau, of the Democratic County Executive Committee, who asked ex-Judge E. K. Bryan to present the speaker of the evening. Mr. Bryan referred to Mr. Watson's splendid service to the party of his fathers, to the Confederacy and to his State. He also adverted to the fact that in 1896 Mr. Watson led a forlorn hope for the Democratic party in sacrificing his name at the mast head of the State ticket and recounted his efforts on the stump in the memorable campaign of 1898.

Mr. Watson was received with applause and at the outset took occasion to thank the people of New Hanover county for their support in 1896, at a time when it was a little less than useless to cast a ballot in the hope of Democratic success. Prefacing his further remarks, he said the old-time enemy was again in our front, the same as it was two, four, six and eight years ago, and the same it had been for the last third of a century. They are no more fit to govern and direct the destinies of this great State than they were when we were first confronted with the days of reconstruction, he said. We are informed since the adoption of the Constitutional Amendment, he went on to say, that we are to have a lily white Republican party, but it is not so. The white Republican leaders tell us that they are glad of it and rejoice with us; but that is another lie.

"I ask the Republicans," said Mr. Watson, "who took the burnt cork off? It was the soap of the Democratic Amendment, and they squirmed and squealed when it was being applied worse than a dirty-faced boy in the lap of his mother before a wash tub. Now they ask the voters to punish the white people who did it by turning them out of power."

Mr. Watson next launched into a discussion of the tariff and declared it a question for great study. He said he believed a discussion of the subject would land the Democratic party in power two years hence and the remark was applauded. Free trade was a misnomer. The Democrats want a tariff revision; that is all. They are not free traders, but they do object to a tariff indiscriminately applied and framed for the enrichment of the classes. Pritchard has been trying to establish himself as a friend to the cotton mill industry. Intelligent mill men say they have had a hard time under the Dingley bill; they have not been benefitted one cent. And further, every cotton mill in 1902 is having to pay from 20 to 40 per cent. more for machinery to equip them. That tariff which sells products of American manufacturers cheaper across the ocean than it does at home, needs revision and needs it bad.

He said he was not capable of entering into a broad discussion of the Philippine question, and prompte by Mr. George Rountree, he said it was a question which even the U. S. Supreme Court did not seem to understand. He spoke of the glory and grandeur of this nation and drew a contrast with the reprehensible kind of warfare we are waging against poor, defenceless men, women and children who are defending their homes and firesides. It was the same principle of an invading army which made the Confederates so invincible as long as they lasted. We have lost from ten to twenty-five thousand young men in the conflict and have slain more men, women and children and burned more homes than were destroyed in 300 years of Spanish rule. The number of Philippines butchered was between 300,000 and 500,000 and half of them were women and children. It was a great sin for which the nation must suffer.

"Now I am done with that and I am coming right down home. Have you you registered? Forsyth county expects every New Hanover Democrat to register and vote. We heeded your call in '98 and helped to deliver you. The fight is now transferred to the middle and West, where we are about evenly divided this year, and we need your majority. That's what I am down in this tide-water section for, and I have come to bring you that message from my people."

Thus Mr. Watson introduced a personal appeal to the Democrats of the East to remain in unbroken ranks and banish from the minds of the Republicans any future possibility of their ascendancy to power in this State. The amendment was only the planting of the crop; now the crop needs cultivation. It can't be cultivated outside the ranks of the party. Forsyth heard the cry of New Hanover in '98 and they thought they heard the roar of a lion; not the braying of a jackal. (Applause.) It is with the people of the East whether by reduced majorities we are to have a fight for all time to come. What hope has the Republican party if the Democrats are mindful of their duty? None. This very day in the counties of Chatham and Moore the white men have about evenly divided themselves, and we find white people unscrupulous enough to urge the negro to register, and backed by white men he is as brazen and as glass-eyed as ever. That Independentism, so-called, threatens the Democracy. He declared the average "Independenter" a fellow who straddles the fence, sets himself up greater than his party, and must needs go every year and let his neighbor know where he stands. He is the same in the church as he is in politics, and finally kicks out of the traces and says he is too good to affiliate with any of them.

Mr. Watson closed his speech with an explosion of Pritchard's claim that he and his party were the champions of the business interests of the State. He said the Democratic party would stand when all the trouble is over upon the side of equal and exact justice to all. The next Legislature would frame tax laws fair and equitable to persons and corporations. There will be no distinction and to the capitalists who seek investment here, he said the structure of government would permit no discrimination for or against.

Mr. Watson closed with another fervent appeal for the party to stick together and made a final parting shot at the "Independents" which brought forth applause.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. Jake Solomon left last night for Baltimore.

— H. L. Stevens, Esq., of Warsaw, is here attending New Hanover Superior Court.

— Mrs. E. W. Sikes, of Wake Forest, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. M. H. P. Clark.

— Mrs. Charles L. Porter, of Florence, S. C., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Smallbones.

— Mr. Pembroke Jones arrived Tuesday night from the North and went down yesterday to his handsome country estate on the sound.

— Capt. Jno. Barry is confined to his home at Fifth and Campbell streets with neuralgia and rheumatism. His numerous friends hope for him a speedy recovery.

— Rev. J. C. Story, of Southport, came up yesterday on the steamer and left last evening to attend Wilmington Presbytery at Mount Williams' church, Pender county.

— Mrs. J. H. Hatton, of Washington, N. C., returned home yesterday, after a visit to her daughter, Mrs. Louise B. DeRosset. She was accompanied by her little grand daughter, Bessie Conelly.

BRILLIANT WEDDING AT RED SPRINGS.

Miss Vardell Became the Bride of Prominent Young Man of Fayetteville.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RED SPRINGS, N. C., Oct. 8.—To-night Red Springs has gathered together her beauty and her chivalry to witness the most remarkable social event in her history.

At 7 o'clock P. M. occurred the marriage of Miss Katherine M. Vardell, sister of Rev. C. G. Vardell, of the Red Springs Seminary, to Mr. Edwin Holt Williamson, of Fayetteville. The ceremony was performed by Rev. H. G. Graham, assisted by Rev. C. G. Vardell, in the college chapel in the presence of a large number of invited guests. The groom arrived from Fayetteville on a special train, accompanied by many friends, including several from New York and New Orleans.

The brilliant assemblage of guests, the elegant decorations for the occasion, the soul-stirring music, the gay throng of high-born beauty, presented a scene seldom witnessed. The arrangements were perfectly carried out and all went merry as a marriage bell.

The special train left Red Springs at 9 P. M., carrying the happy groom with his bonnie bride and invited guests on an extended bridal tour. A thousand blessings attend the happy pair.

Pythian Carnival Notes.

The Pythian Carnival Executive Committee held an enthusiastic conference last night. Headquarters will be opened to-day in the store next west of Shepard's drug store on Market street and a competent man will be placed in charge. Dr. J. D. Nutt, chairman of the Decoration Committee, last night submitted a design for a welcome electric arch that will surpass anything of its kind ever seen here. The design was adopted and work on the same will be commenced at once.

Assistant Observer Gray's Return.

The Charlotte *Observer* of yesterday says that Mr. G. R. Oberholzer, who is at the head of the weather bureau in that city, is now in Washington, detailed for special service. He will return to Charlotte on the 12th inst. Mr. R. W. Gray, the talented young man who has had charge of the Charlotte bureau during Mr. Oberholzer's absence, will remain in Charlotte for a month longer, when, accompanied by his wife, he will return to his post in the weather bureau at Wilmington.

For Asthma use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by J. C. Shepard.

For Furniture

Go To The Sneed Co.

Fine Line Rattan Rockers, Chairs and Toilet Sets Just Opened.

THE SNEED CO.,

oct 5 tf Second and Market Streets.

On account of Jewish Holiday our Stores will not open Saturday until 6 P. M.

S. & B. Solomon.

oct 9 tf

LIST OF LETTERS.

Remaining Uncalled For in the Wilmington Postoffice, Oct. 7th, 1902.

WOMEN'S LIST.

Mrs. J. H. Allen, Eliza Barden, Mary Benson, Maryan Bryant, Jennie Bythwood, Annie Barham, Abbie Bennett, Susia M. Cender, Jennie Clark, Rosa Chestna, Hattie Cownes, Mrs. Richel T. Cranford, Lizzie Dowling, Mary B. Harris, Cora Henry, Mrs. Homes, Mary Jackson, Mary Johnson, Lena Jordan, Nonie Mills, M. Moore, Mary C. Murphy, W. B. Peterson, Julia F. Register, Janey Robinson, Jane Richardson, Mittie Roseberry, Anna Salter, Sarah Smith, Clara Smith, Anna Willis, Minervie Wright, Mandy Williams.

MEN'S LIST.

Eliot Adams, Wellington Alexander, Bage Anderson, S. M. Anderson, R. E. Andrews, W. G. Bagwell, Jas. Benjamin, W. F. Bessent, George Barron, E. Barns, Charleton Brown, J. Q. Butler, J. W. Brown, J. A. Campbell, John Chamber, Willis Clemmons, W. R. Craven, S. M. Creech, W. T. Davis, Sam Dixon, R. Edwards, J. N. Farrow, C. L. Fowler, Stephen Franks, W. F. Farrow, R. H. Fields, Nord Harper, John F. Herring, J. B. Hall, Rev. J. E. Hall, Hanes High, Dr. A. Holden, Alex. Innes, Walter Jackson, Willie Jones, A. R. King, H. G. Link, W. H. Lamsden, W. W. McIntyre, W. M. Manning, Luther C. Parker, R. J. Padrick, B. R. Philips, George Picket, John McMillan, A. R. McLoochlan, Buck Meadows, Thos. McNeill, S. A. Nichols, Jas. H. Osborne, W. N. Rankin, J. C. Robbins, H. L. Rivenbark, Chas Simon, Wardie Smith, Southern News Co, W. H. Teachey, G. E. Thomas, N. E. Wallace, Robert White, Samuel Warrick, Samuel Williams, C. Wilson, B. E. Williams, Wade McNair.

RETURNED FROM DEAD LETTER OFFICE.

W. M. Keegan, Phillis Webb.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in fifteen days they will be sent to the dead letter office. M. C. DARBY, Postmaster.

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS TO MEET.

State Board of Education Calls Them Together—Simmons on Registration.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Oct. 8.—A call was issued to day by the Superintendent of Public Instruction for a conference of County Superintendents of public schools to be held here November 12th, 13th and 14th, to organize State and District associations and to discuss the State's educational needs, changes in the law, etc. The County Superintendents are advised that their railroad fare will be refunded, so their only expense will be hotel bills. The refund will be made through the State Superintendent by the General Educational Board, Dr. Wallace Buttrick, secretary, who will attend.

Chairman Simmons issues a letter to-night deprecating the action of the registrar in Rutherford county, declining to register the negro who read and wrote the constitution correctly, except mis-spelling the word "divide." He says he hopes the negro will be registered and no such rulings will be made in any other county of the State.

Trial in the County Jail.

A preliminary trial by a magistrate inside the county jail was the unusual spectacle witnessed by many yesterday at noon. Justice Bornemann was presiding, and the prisoner at the bar was the bad South Carolina negro arrested by Justice Bornemann and Policeman H. P. Merritt in Dross Neck Tuesday night. The charge was assault and battery with a deadly weapon. The negro confessed the offence and also that he had been in the penitentiary and had shot a man "down South." He was held for the higher court in default of $100 justified bond.

Married in Savannah.

At Grace Methodist Church, Savannah, Ga., yesterday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock Mr. Edwin Toomer Huggins, of this city, and Miss Janie Elise Clark, of Savannah, were married in a beautiful service by the pastor. Miss Clark is well known in Wilmington, having visited here about two years ago. Many friends wish for the young people abundant happiness and prosperity. Mr. W. A. Whitney was best man. Miss Nan Huggins, sister of the groom, attended the wedding. Mr. and Mrs. Huggins will go North on a bridal tour.

Miss Kenly to Mr. Bason.

The approaching marriage of Miss Eleanor Warfield Kenly, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John R. Kenly, of this city, and Mr. Carl Kelton Bacon, of Boston, Mass., is announced for Tuesday evening, October 28th, 28th, at the residence of the bride, No. 405 South Third street.

Why Not!

If choice home grown N. C. September Mullets can be bought at 5 cents a pound, how is it we pay for Western White Sides eleven and half cents? Eat fish and live within our means. We have in warehouse and consigned 200 kegs 100 lbs each

SEPTEMBER MULLETS

We Solicit Orders.

Vollers & Hashagen,

sep 28 tf Provisioners.

Fruit Trees For Sale!

For sale at less than net catalogue prices about

1,000 FRUIT TREES.

From the leading Nursery in North Carolina. Will be sold in one lot, or in two lots of about 500 each.

Selections to be made from latest catalogue. Address,

"BARGAIN,"

Care THE MORNING STAR,

Wilmington, N. C.

sep 2 D&W tf

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

Matinee and Night, Saturday, October 11th.

Who, What When, Minstrels.

Original in Name.
Original in Nature.
Original in Design.
A host of European Novelties.

35 .....PEOPLE..... 35

Bargain Prices at Matinee—25 and 50 cents. Watch for noon-day parade. oc 9 3t

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

Thursday, October 9th.

Jules Murry presents the talented young society actor,

Mr. Paul Gilmore,

In Haddon Chambers' brilliant comedy of temperament,

"THE TYRANNY OF TEARS,"

"The merriest, jolliest little sermon ever preached." su we th oct 5 3t

Come, Come, Come To The Unlucky Corner

Pure N. C. Mountain Honey, in quarts and half gallon jars.

Prepared Buckwheat,

Oatmeal, Pan-cake Flour, Edam Cheese, Fancy Cakes and Crackers.

Yours for good things,

S. W. Sanders.

oct 9 tf

BIDS

Will be received until 12 M.; October 8th, 1902, for construction, decoration and removal of K. of P. Arch. For further particulars apply to Ernest O. Richards, at Glass Works.

JAMES D. NUTT, Chairman.

oct 9 1t

Printer Wanted.

Wanted, one first class compositor who has had experience on a daily morning paper. Must have good recommendations as to habits and qualifications.

Address the MORNING STAR, Wilmington, N. C.

oc 4 tf

NOTICE

To all persons holding claims against the steamer Franklin Pierce, will please present them to the undersigned for payment on or before October 15th, 1902.

BROOKS & TAYLOR.

oct 7 1w

The Morning Star.

WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 9.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Congress—Sixth District,
GILBERT B. PATTERSON,
of Robeson.
For Chief Justice of Supreme Court,
WALTER CLARK,
of Wake.
For Associate Justices,
HENRY GROVES CONNOR,
of Wilson.
PLATT D. WALKER.
of Mecklenburg.

Superior Court Judges:
Second District—R. B. Peebles, of Northampton.
Fourth District—C. M. Cooke, of Franklin.
Sixth District—W. R. Allen, of Wayne.
Eighth District—W. H. Neal, of Scotland.
Tenth District—B. F. Long, of Iredell.
Eleventh District—E. B. Jones, of Forsyth.
Thirteenth District—W. B. Council, of Watauga.
Fourteenth District—M. H. Justice, of Rutherford.
Fifteenth District—Frederick Moore, of Buncombe.
Sixteenth District—G. S. Ferguson, of Haywood.
For Solicitor:
Fifth District—Rodolph Duffy, of Onslow.
Seventh District—C. C. Lyon, of Bladen.
For Corporation Commissioner,
EUGENE C. BEDDINGFIELD,
of Wake.
For Supt. of Public Instruction,
JAMES Y. JOYNER,
of Guilford.

LEGISLATIVE TICKET.

For the House—George L. Morton.
For the Senate—George H. Bellamy.

COUNTY TICKET.

Clerk Superior Court—Jno. D. Taylor.
Sheriff—Frank H. Stedman.
Register of Deeds—W. H. Biddle.
Treasuer—H. McL. Green.
Coroner—C. D. Bell.
Surveyor—Alex P. Adrian.
Constable, Wilmington Township—W. B. Savage.

THEY MUST BE CHECKED.

With all the grasping greed and extortion of the trusts nothing has occurred since trusts were organized to center attention upon them and bring them squarely before the American people like the conduct of the Coal Trust magnates has since the coal strike began. That brought them face to face with this monster Trust and showed them in a way that it could not otherwise be shown how completely they are in its power. There are trusts and trusts, trusts of different proportions and different scope, in all of which the people are more or less interested, but those in which they are most directly interested, which affect them most vitally, are the trusts controling the necessaries of life, such as the Beef Trust, the Sugar Trust, the Rice Trust and others. But in the lead of all these and towering above them all is the Coal Trust, mighty in its grip and far-reaching in its power.

It began its contest with its 140,000 striking miners, and the contest grew until it embraced in its effects the whole country and brought millions of people to be confronted by a coal famine, almost as bad as a food famine, and yet in its arrogance it refused to parley with the miners, or to listen to appeals in behalf of the millions of people who depend upon its mines for coal, people who shudder at the possibility of a cold snap sooncoming and finding their homes without fuel to make a fire.

If there were no trusts, if the mines were operated independently as they were before the Trust was organized, such a condition would have been impossible, and such a conflict between operators and miners out of the question, for a strike in one mine would not have involved all, and the stoppage of production in one would not have stopped production in all. The public would not have been subjected to any such awful ordeal as they have been by this prolonged strife between the Trust and its striking miners—and they have not seen the end of it yet.

It isn't so very long ago that it was the rule with Republican spokesmen to deny that there were any trusts, while even now they talk about combines which are "vaguely called trusts," a half way apologetic style of referring to the trust question; but the high-handed and dictatorial bearing of the Coal Trust magnates has left no doubt that it is a Trust, and one which finds no one outside of its own immediate influence to apologize for or say a friendly word in its behalf. It has practically succeeded in arraying the American people against it, and that means eventual trouble for the Coal Trust, the necessity of controlling which is now universally recognized.

Even some of the Republican statesmen, chiming in with President Roosevelt, who fell in with the growing popular sentiment on the Trust question, statesmen who twelve months ago denied the existence of trusts, are now outspoken against them and the anthracite Coal Trust in particular. It may be that they feel that they are in accord with the people in this, or perhaps they mean it, and are really indignant at the Trust which can so defy public sentiment and subject people to the ordeal that it has subjected the many thousands of people that depend upon it for coal.

One of these is Senator Lodge, of Massachusetts, the close and confidential friend of President Roosevelt, who, in addressing a Republican club in Boston just after the failure of the conference between the President and the Trust representatives, expressed his sentiments as follows:

"With the matter in the position in which it now is, I do not wish to say what I think at this instant of the merits of the case as presented to the country after the conference in Washington.

"I feel rather strongly in regard to the attitude taken by some of the conferees, but I do not think it is the part of wisdom, while the matter is still pending, to inflame feeling or aggravate the situation, which is bad enough; but there is one thing which I think we can all say, and that is, that the President of the United States has acted in a manner which all Americans, without regard to party, approve.

"The President will not let the matter rest where it is. Aside from any economic question, the coal companies of Pennsylvania do not to-day stand in a position where they can ask for protection, even if they needed it. I think it is a painful illustration of the wisdom of what the President has been saying in various speeches in New England and elsewhere in regard to the necessity of some Government supervision or regulation of what are commonly called trusts.

"There are trusts in the anthracite region. There are certain large corporations which it is the fashion to call trusts, and there are certain large corporations in the anthracite coal fields, and this strike shows the necessity of some kind of supervision and regulation by the national Government of these great corporations which produce the necessaries of life. These great corporations are useful to business, they are necessary to us in the economic contests of the present time. They are as essential to modern business as anything can possibly be. They are good servants, but they are dangerous masters.

"There must be some power that can control them in the last resort. There is a cry to take the duty off coal—the little duty there is, 67 cents a ton. I should like to see Congress pass a law authorizing the President to proclaim the removal of the duty on bituminous coal coming from Canada just as soon as Canada takes off the duty from our coal going into Canada."

He feels "strongly" about the "attitude taken by some of the conferees" (the coal barons). No doubt of it. With coal commanding $25 a ton in Boston, and almost impossible to get at that, importing it from Wales, paying a high price there and tariff duty added, it is no wonder he feels "strongly," but the probabilities are that Senator Lodge with all his perceptive powers would never have discovered that there are "anthracite coal trusts," if his people had not been subjected to this ordeal.

He thinks that by their high-handed control these trusts "do not stand in a position where they can ask for protection even if they need it." But they not only asked for, but dictatorially demanded protection, and they brought the Governor of Pennsylvania so far to time that he has ordered out the whole State guard, about 10,000 men, to protect them. This shows what a powerful pull the Trust magnates have on the Republican Government of Pennsylvania.

But Senator Lodge has come to the conclusion at last and declares that there "must be some power to control and supervise trusts in the last resort," a conclusion in which a majority of the American people will agree with him, although he was longer in discovering it than millions of his fellow citizens were.

OUR PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

The Republican stumpers, at the head of whom stands Jeter Claiment Pritchard, pretend to be great friends of popular education and endeavor to create the impression that the Democratic party is not friendly to public schools. When the Republicans had control of this State wholly or partially from the war until 1872 they showed their interest in popular education by stealing the school fund, and never building a school house. But they now say, see what we did when we and the Pops. had control of affairs in 1895-96-97-98. In those four years when they controlled the school fund they spent for public education a total of $3,413,594.69. In the succeeding four years, when the Democrats controlled it, the sum amounts to $4,260,877.97, or $847,283.08 more under Democratic management than by the Fusionists.

As a further proof of the progress made, we quote the following from J. Y. Joyner, Superintendent of Public Instruction:

Enrollment of white children for 1900	270,447
Average attendance	142,413
Enrollment of white children for 1901	290,178
Average attendance	172,272
Total enrollment for 1900	400,452
Average attendance for 1900	206,918
Total enrollment for 1901	431,358
Average attendance for 1901	253,019

The number of school houses built in 1902:

White	227
Colored	56
Croatan	3
Total	286

This does not include seven counties from which reports for 1902 have not been received. Reports from these will probably increase the number to more than 300.

During the two years of this administration more than 400 new public school houses were built. In 1902 more than twice as many were built as in 1901, showing the continued growth of the movement for better houses for the people's children.

Most of these new houses are far more comfortable, convenient and beautiful than the old houses, and cost more.

These are facts and figures that speak for themselves, versus Republican professions and demagogic misrepresentation.

THIS IS TOO THIN.

It was announced in the press dispatches published yesterday that three colored bishops, two from the North and one from North Carolina, had called upon the President to ascertain whether or not he approved of the action of the Republican leaders in North Carolina and Alabama in excluding negroes from the councils of the party. They were assured, we are told, that he had no sympathy with that movement and that he entirely disapproved of it.

Assuming that they were so informed or did not misunderstand what was told them, this statement does not agree with the facts as they have developed, which support the contrary view. It is known that a few days before the Greensboro convention was held Senator Pritchard, who is also chairman of the Republican State Committee, and the recognized manipulator of the party machine, visited President Roosevelt at Oyster Bay and spent part of the day with him. They talked over political prospects in this State, and it is altogether improbable that no reference was made to such an important departure as excluding negroes from a State convention, a departure which had been agreed upon by the white party leaders, the preliminary steps to which were keeping negro delegates out of county conventions, where in previous years they always figured more or less. A matter of so much importance could not have failed to be discussed on such an occasion.

Senator Pritchard came straight from Oyster Bay to Greensboro, and without ceremony or explanation the negro delegates who applied for admission were ruled out and given to understand that that was a white man's convention.

This new departure became a topic of discussion not only in North Carolina and other Southern papers, but in Northern papers, including administration papers, some of which discussed it editorially and gave it at least a half-way endorsement.

A short while after this the Alabama Republican convention was held at Birmingham, Senator Pritchard was there, presumably by invitation, and there the doors were shut upon negro delegates, just as had been done in Pritchard's convention. It is a significant fact that he, after his conference with the President at Oyster Bay, carried out his bouncing programme at Greensboro, and then went to Birmingham, saw the same thing done there, and doubtless took an active part as adviser and urger.

In all the time that has intervened since, in all his discussion of public and party matters, if the President has ever said or intimated to any one that he disapproved of that action, it never became public until these negro bishops (who had a manifesto up their sleeves, in the event the interview was not satisfactory) called on him.

As we see it the story and the denial are too thin.

Speaking about rich people, the Osage Indians, of Oklahoma, get away with all of us in their aggregate wealth for the number and in the per capita wealth. They have $8,000,000 to their credit in the U. S. Treasury, own 1,500,000 acres of land worth $8,000,000, part of which they rent to cattle and sheep men by the acre, and if their real estate were sold at its valuation it would give every man, woman and child $4,000. The annual interest on the money to their credit in Washington amounts to $300 for every one of them.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Open the mines. Baer, Truesdale and the rest have not been divinely appointed to freeze the public in order to kill a labor union.—*Chicago News, Ind.*

—— The longer the coal barons hold out and the harder the people are pinched, the surer the revolt in this country against monopolistic oppression.—*Norfolk Ledger, Dem.*

—— Behind the danger of the coal problem is the tariff. The voucher and sponsor for our "unscientific currency" is the combined and consolidated power known as Wall street. For both the Republican party is responsible, in that it has failed to assert the rights of the ple in a profound devotion to present partisan needs.—*Jacksonville Times-Union, Dem.*

—— That things are beginning to look a little squally in Pennsylvania for the Republican "gang" is evidenced by the fact that Senator Quay is about to take the stump. He will deliver speeches in Pittsburg and elsewhere during the next few weeks. Patterson's excellent campaign is beginning to make the "old man" uneasy.—*Savannah News Dem.*

—— One hundred and fifty thousand poll tax receipts were bought in Philadelphia last week to qualify voters for the November election, and on Saturday 3,000 receipts were disposed of to individual buyers. The receipts that were bought in bulk will be kept in the safes of the political managers until election day when they will be voted. If we did not have the one party plan in South Carolina there would be an opportunity for doing a fine poll tax business here.—*Charleston News and Courier, Dem.*

For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by J. C. Shepard.

An Oyster Cracker with a Taste to It.
A new flavor to oysters—a new relish to soups.
NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Kinston *Free Press*: There was another tremendous break of tobacco in Kinston Tuesday, fully 500,000 pounds being offered at the several warehouses

— Lumberton *Robesonian*: Mr. George W. Turner, of Ions, who called to see us while in town Saturday, says he has sold his crop of tobacco from six acres of land for $674

— Taylorsville *Scout*: Several car loads of peach seeds will go from Alexander county to different nurseries this year. Seed from the Alexander peaches are sought after by all the nurserymen in the country.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: A number of young men from this city joined a posse of young men from Flea Hill this afternoon in a hunt for a big bear that is running loose in that township. This is no fake. A number of respectable citizens of that township vouch for having seen the animal. It is probably the same bear that got away from a party of strolling Russians who were here with a number of performing bears last year.

— Statesville *Landmark*: Some of the colored voters, mainly the old-timers, who have tried to register and failed under the requirements of the new constitution, are very much put out. Most of those who had been voting since the civil war failed to realize what the campaign of two years ago meant. They couldn't comprehend that they were disfranchised until they tried to register within the past week. A majority of the colored people, however, have fully appreciated the conditions and long ago realized that they were done voting. As a rule it is to be said to their credit that they have accepted the changed conditions good-naturedly.

— Munroe *Journal*: The Republican executive committee met here Saturday and put out a legislative ticket, an "independent" one they say. That independent talk is all flubdub. If by any miraculous happenings Messrs. Rogers and Caudle were elected we have no doubt they'd be about as independent as the Pritchard strings around their necks would allow them.

—— One of the most distressing gin accidents that has occurred in this section took place at Mr. Dick Sowell's gin just over the line in Chesterfield county last Thursday. Mr. Wesley Quick, who runs the gin, is Mr. Sowell's son-in-law, and he is the one who suffered the accident. While he was feeding the gin his hand was caught and the arm drawn in clear to the shoulder. Here he was held for some time while the gin continued to run and tear the flesh and bone till his screams attracted the attention of the negro hand on the yard who ran and stopped the gin. In the negro's excitement he jerked Mr. Quick's arm from the gin and pulled his hand off in doing so. Only a fortunate circumstance saved the wounded man's life, for he would most certainly have bled to death had not assistance been near. Dr. A. D. N Whitley happened to be at Mr. Quick's house nearby, attending upon Mrs. Quick, who was in a delicate condition. Dr. Whitley attended to the wounded man, and that night he and Dr. J. B. Eubanks amputated the arm within three inches of the shoulder.

Strikes a Rich Find.

"I was troubled for several years with Chronic Indigestion and Nervous Debility," writes F. J. Green, of Lancaster, N. H. "No remedy helped me until I began using Electric Bitters, which did me more good than all the medicines I ever used. They have also kept my wife in excellent health for years. She says Electric Bitters are just splendid for female troubles; that they are a grand tonic and invigorator for weak, run down women. No other medicine can take its place in our family." Try them. Only 50 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

For over Sixty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

You Know What You Are Taking

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic, because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing that it is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay, Price, 50c ss tu th

DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY FOR THE BLOOD, LIVER, LUNGS.

TWINKLINGS.

— Mr. Straitlace—Awful to see Indians drink so, isn't it? Pisen Pete—You bet. It's a clear waste o' good liquor.—*Chicago Daily News.*

— Beryl—That odious Ethel has made one man happy. Sibyl—Promised to marry Jack Downing? Beryl—No; refused to marry him.—*Baltimore Herald.*

— It might be urged in favor of celibacy of the clergy that a minister can never know what minute his boys are going to make a monkey of him.—*Puck.*

— "What makes you think he would be a great success in politics?" "He can say more things that sound well and mean nothing than any other man I ever knew."—*Chicago Post.*

— "How do you like the music, Mr. Judkins?" said Miss Parsons. "I'm sorry, but I have no ear for music," he answered. "No," put in Mr. Jasper. "He uses his for a pen rack."—*Boston Christian Register.*

— "I see Follansby is on his legs again." "No, he isn't. He hasn't a cent. Had to sell his horse and carriage." "That's what I mean. Now he walks."—*Youth's Companion.*

— Church—She is a Russian Countess. Gotham—Indeed! Has she much in her own name? Church—Has she? She's got nearly the entire alphabet!—*Yonkers Statesman.*

— Mrs. Muggins—They have a queer way of sending wedding presents out in Chicago. Mrs. Bruggins—Do tell me about it. Mrs. Muggins Well, the sender writes on his card: "Many happy returns of the day."—*Judge.*

— The Professor—Humph! Dear me I gave that young man two courses on the cultivation of the memory, and he's going away and forgot to pay me, and I can't for the life of me remember the fellow's name. How very provoking.—*Judy.*

— Uncle George—Look at the bee, who improves each shining hour. Thriftless Nephew—That's all the bee's good for. If it amounted to anything it would improve some of the cloudy hours. The shining hours don't need improving.—*Boston Transcript.*

The "Big Dipper."

In astronomy the "Big Dipper," so called, is in the constellation of Ursa Major, or the Great Bear. The stars forming the tail of the bear also form the handle of the dipper. The first star in the handle is Benetnasch, the second Mizar, the third Alioth. The other four, which go to form the bowl of the dipper, are Megres, Phad, Merak and Dudhe. The two last named are called "The Pointers," because they point or guide the eye to the pole star, which is distant 29 degrees. The top bowl stars are 10 degrees and the bottom ones 8 degrees apart.

A Bad Lot.

Newitt—Yes, old Goodman's three boys are a bad lot. Two of them at least ought to be in jail.

Brown — Some redeeming quality about the third one, eh?

Newitt—Yes; he's already there.—Catholic Standard and Times.

Roosting Comfortably.

"It wa'n't warm, but it was peaceful," says the man who lived in the chicken barn because his wife's relatives lived in the house. Thus the satisfaction of the mind transcends in importance the mere comforts of the body.—New York World.

Blown to Atoms.

The old idea that the body sometimes needs a powerful, drastic, purgative pill has been exploded, for Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are perfectly harmless, gently stimulates the liver and bowels to expel poisonous matter, cleanse the system and absolutely cure Constipation and Sick Headache. Only 25 cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

RUSHVILLE, IND.

MESSRS. ELY BROS.—I have been a great sufferer from catarrh and hay fever and tried many things, but found no permanent relief until I found it in Ely's Cream Balm about eight years ago, and we have been fast friends ever since.

(REV.) R M. BENTLEY.

MESSRS. ELY BROS.—Find enclosed 50 cents, for which please send me your Cream Balm. I find your remedy the quickest and most permanent cure for cold in the head, catarrh, etc.

Yours truly, DELL M. POTTER,
General Manager Arizona Gold Mining Co. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

NATURAL HISTORY.

Camels are the only animals that cannot swim.

A seal has been known to remain twenty-five minutes under water.

The starfish has no nose, but can smell with the whole of its under side.

The greyhound, which can cover a mile in 1m. 28s., is the fastest of quadrupeds.

Nearly all bottom sea fishes have the power of changing color at will, like chameleons.

A sea anemone, taken from the Firth of Forth in 1828, lived and flourished in captivity until 1887.

Horses, giraffes and ostriches have the largest eyes of land creatures, cuttlefish of sea beasts.

Grizzly cubs born in captivity are almost impossible to raise. Of twenty-three born at Cincinnati only one lived.

The Eskimo dog will eat almost any of the dried fruits. The sour or acid fruits, as the orange, lemon, lime, shaddock, etc., as well as the sour plums and the bitter olives, are rarely eaten.

To protect itself from the rain the orang outang crooks its arms over its head. The hair on the orang's upper arm points downward, while on the lower arm it points upward, the apparent purpose being to shed the rain like a thatch.

How to Tell Linen From Cotton.

If you are buying handkerchiefs, you may make sure of their being linen or not by a very simple process. Moisten the tip of one of your fingers and then press it on the handkerchief. If it wets through at once the fabric is linen, but if it is cotton several seconds will elapse before the threads are saturated.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N C., October 9.

STEAMSHIPS.

Devonshire, (Br) 2,363 tons, Coull, Alexander Sprunt & Son.
Europa, (Nor) 652 tons, Sundt, Alexander Sprunt & Son.
Plympton, (Br) 1,850 tons, Moon, Heide & Co.
Velets, (Br) 1,937 tons, McMoran, Alexander Sprunt & Son.
Acacia, (Br) 1,847 tons, Whyte, Alexander Sprunt & Son.
Baron Eldon, (Br) 2,385 tons, Ullstrom, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

SCHOONERS.

Pasadena, 501 tons, Pecksmith, George Harriss, Son & Co.
J C Strawbridge, 758 tons, Coombs, George Harriss, Son & Co.
John Twoby, 871 tons, Connor, George Harriss, Son & Co.
J R Teel, 756 tons, Hansen, George Harriss, Son & Co.
Arrow, (Br) 183 tons, Firth, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Theodore Price
On Cotton.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8th.—An effort has been made to depress the cotton market to-day by the circulation of a report that Mr. A. J. Buston, a Liverpool cotton merchant who makes an annual trip to the South, will shortly publish an estimate of the crop which it was rumored was in the neighborhood of twelve million bales, I desire to warn Southern holders of cotton against being affected by Mr. Buston's estimate. I mean no disparagement of the gentleman himself, but it is proper that the trade should understand that he represents a Liverpool clientage. Liverpool has to buy American cotton and it naturally wants to buy it as cheaply as possible. Whether Mr. Buston's estimate is ten million or twelve million bales will not alter the facts of the case, which are as follows:

Exports for the season to date are 334,000 bales larger than during the same period last year. Shipments to Northern mills and takings of Southern mills are about 200,000 bales larger than during the same period last year; so that, notwithstanding an excess in the early receipts of 560,000, this excess being indicative of a drought-shortened crop, the total stocks of cotton at the United States ports and at thirteen of the most important interior towns are only about 20,000 bales in excess of what they were last year. This shows that the world needs the cotton, and is taking it. They must, in my opinion, continue to take it, and will probably buy more eagerly at nine cents per pound than at prenst.

THEODORE H. PRICE.

oct 9 1t

Bethel Military Academy,

1865-1902. Located in Fauquier Co., Virginia. Region unsurpassed. Full corps instructors. Prepares for business, college, and U. S. military academies. For catalogue, address THE PRINCIPALS, BETHEL ACADEMY O., Virginia. sa tu th sy 19 22t

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

[Quoted officially at the closing by the Chamber of Commerce.]

STAR OFFICE, October 8.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 50c per gallon.

ROSIN—Market steady at $1.15 per barrel for strained and $1.20 per barrel for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.40 per barrel of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market firm at $1.60 per barrel for hard, $2.60 for dip, and $2.60 for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—rosin firm at 95c@$1.00; tar steady at $1.35; crude turpentine quiet at $1.00 @2.00.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	47
Rosin	205
Tar	290
Crude turpentine	120

Receipts same day last year—34 casks spirits turpentine, 44 barrels rosin, 197 barrels tar, 57 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market quiet on a basis of 8⅛c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	6	cts. ₱ lb
Good ordinary	7⅛	" "
Low middling	8	" "
Middling	8⅝	" "
Good middling	8 9-16	" "

Same day last year, market firm at 8¾c for middling.

Receipts—3,431 bales; same day last year, 906.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina, firm. Prime, 85c; extra prime, 90c; fancy, 95c, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds. Virginia—Prime, 80c; extra prime, 85c; fancy, 90c. Spanish (new), 65@75c.

CORN—Firm; 77½@80c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 15@16c per pound; shoulders, 10@12½c; sides, 10@11c.

EGGS—Dull at 17@18c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Firm. Grown, 20@25c; springs, 10@22c.

TURKEYS—No sale.

BEESWAX—Firm at 25c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6¼c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Dull at 70@75c per bushel.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—Money on call was quoted firm at 7@15 per cent., closing offered at 7 per cent. Prime mercantile paper was 6 per cent. Sterling exchange steady at a decline; actual business in bankers' bills at 485.875@486 for demand and at 482.75@482 875 for sixty days. Posted rates 484 and 487@487½. Commercial bills 482¼@482¾. Bar silver 50¾. Mexican dollars 40¼. Government bonds firm. State bonds steady. Railroad bonds were irregular. U. S refunding 2's, registered, 109½; U. S refunding 2's, coupon, 109½; U S 3's, registerd, 107¾; do coupon, 108½ U. S. 4's, new registered, 137¾; do, coupon, 137¾; U. S. 4's, old, registered, 111, do. coupon, 111; U S 5's, registered, 105½; do. coupon, 105½; Southern Railway, 5's, 118 Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 104½; Chesapeake & Ohio 50¼; Manhattan L 133½; New York Central 154; Reading 68½; do 1st preferred 86; do. 2nd preferred 77; St. Paul 185½; do. pref'd, 192; Southern Railway 37¾; do. pref'd 94½; Amalgamated Copper 62⅝; Am'n Tobacco —c; People's Gas 101¼; Sugar 120½; Tennessee Coal and Iron 63; U. S. Leather 13⅜; do. pref'd, 89; Western Union 91¼; U. S. Steel 39; do preferred 87⅞; Nat'l R. R. of Mexico 18¾; Virginia-Carolina Chemical 66; do. preferred, 127; Standard Oil, 657 @660.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 8.—Seaboard Air Line, common, 28¾@29; do. preferred, 47@47⅝; bonds, fours, 84½ bid.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine firm at 53½@54c asked.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 8.—Spirits turpentine and rosin unchanged.

SAVANNAH, Oct. 8.—Spirits turpentine quoted at 50c bid; receipts 896 casks; sales 314 casks; exports 466 casks. Rosin firm, receipts 3,509 barrels; sales 2,377 barrels; exports 795 barrels. Quote: A, B, C, D, $1 30, E, $1 35; F, $1 40; G, $1 45; H, $1 65; I, $1 90; K $2 50; M, $3 00; N, $3 40; W G, $3 65; W W, $4 00.

COTTON MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—The cotton market opened barely steady at a decline of two to four points. Later business increased the decline five to eifht points, after which there was a rally of four to eight points on more active positions, with the market finally steady at a net loss of one to five points. The early weakness was due to liquidation following weak cables, generally fine weather reports and the still unsettled state of affairs in the coal strike region. There was considerable buying at the decline on light estimates as to to-morrow's receipts, with covering of short contracts the principal, on the ground that the market had withstood an unusual combination of bearish influences better than expected. In the afternoon there was considerable buying on the reaction theory. There was some further selling for short account, however, on a belief that bad weather in the cotton belt had been retarding the movement. Private weather reports reaching this point at present have somewhat bullish average, which gave the local situation a steady undertone towards the close of the session. Sales for the day were estimated at 200,000 bales.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8. Cotton quiet 8 85c; net receipts 173 bales; gross receipts 4,060 bales; stock 34,615 bales.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 8.85c; middling gulf 9 10c; sales 114 bales.

Futures opened barely steady; October 8.48, November 8 49, December 8.56 January 8 61, February 8 47, March 8.48, May 8.45, June 8.45, August 8.37 offered.

Futures market closed steady: October 8.48, November 8.48, December 8.58, January 8 64, February 8.47, March 8.45, April 8.45, May 8 47.

Total to-day, at all seaports—Net receipts 38,281 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,975 bales; exports to France 300 bales; exports to the Continent 905 bales; stock 481,395 bales.

Consolidated, at all seaports—Net receipts 196,587 bales; exports to Great Britain 13,949 bales; exports to France 5,531 bales; exports to the Continent 46,300 bales.

Total since September 1st, at all seaports—Net receipts 1,225,333 bales; exports to Great Britain 276,701 bales; exports to France 9,304 bales; exports to the Continent 409,023 bales.

Oct. 8.—Galveston, quoted quiet at 8¾c, net receipts 12,054 bales; Norfolk, quiet at 8¾c, net receipts 3,499 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 8¼, net receipts — bales; Boston, dull at 8.85, net receipts — bales; Wilmington, quiet at 8¾c, net receipts 3,431 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 9.10c, net receipts 250 bales; Savannah, quiet at 8¾c, net receipts 7,348 bales; New Orleans, easy at 8 5-16c, net receipts 7,265 bales; Mobile, easy at 8¼c, net receipts 2,119 bales; Memphis, steady at 9 5-16c, net receipts 3,512 bales; Augusta, steady at 8¼c, net receipts 4,386 bales; Charleston, quiet at 8¼c, net receipts 1,237 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—Flour was more active on spring patents and firm owing to strength of cash wheat. Rye flour quiet. Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red 75⅝c. Options closed firm and ⅛@⅜c net higher: May closed 75¾c; December 74¼c. Corn—Spot steady; No. 2 69c. Options closed very firm at ⅜@¾c net advance: January 50½c; May closed 48¼c; October closed —c: November closed 63⅝; December 55⅛. Oats—Spot steady; No. 2 33½c. Options—December closed 37½c. Lard—Market dull; Western steam $10 65; October closed $10 70, nominal; refined quiet; continent $10 90. Pork steady; Coffee—Spot Rio dull; No. 7 invoice 5¾c; mild quiet; Cordova 7¼@12c. Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining 3c; centrifugal 96 test, 3 9-16c; refined firm. Rice steady to firm.. Eggs were firm; State and Pennsylvania, average best, 22½@23½c. Tallow quiet. Potatoes are quoted steady; Long Island $1 62@1 87; South Jersey sweets $2 00@2 25; Jerseys $1 50@1 62; New York, per 180 lbs., $1 50@1 75. Butter was firm; extra creamery 23c; State dairy 17@22c. Cheese was firm; new State full cream, small colored fancy 12@12½c; small white 12@12½c. Cabbages steady; Long Island per 100 $2 00@3 00. Freights to Liverpool—cotton by steam 15c. Cotton seed oil nominal. First half October sold at 38c. Closing prices: Prime crude f. o. b. mills 28@29c; prime summer yellow 39@40c; off summer yellow 38c; prime white 44c; prime winter yellow 44c; prime meal $37 00@28 00, nominal.

CHICAGO, Oct. 8.—Dullness again pervaded the board of trade markets to day. The early prices were lower but firmness developed later in the day. December wheat closing ½c. higher; December corn ¼ @ 3c. higher and oats 1c. higher. January provision a shade closed to 7½c higher.

CHICAGO, October 8.—Cash prices: Flour steady. Wheat—No. 2 spring 70@71¼c; No. 3 spring 66@70¾c; No. 2 red 67¼@68¼c. Corn—No. 2, 59c; No. 2 yellow 62c. Oats—No. 2 28@28¼c; No. 2 white —; No. 3 white 31¼@31¾c. Mess pork, per barrel, $16 95@17 00. Lard, 100 lbs $10 25@10 30. Short rib sides, loose, $10 10@11 25 Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $9 25@9 50. Short clearsides, boxed, $11 50@11 67½. Whiskey—Basis of high wines, $1 32.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 October 67⅜, 68⅜, 67⅜, 68⅜c; December 69¼@69¾, 70, 69¼, 70c; May 70⅝@70¾, 71¼, 70⅜, 71⅛@71¼c. Corn—No. 2, October 59, 59, 58, 58⅜c; December 48⅛@48¼, 48⅞, 48, 48⅜; May 42⅝@42⅜, 43⅜, 42⅝, 43¼. Oats—No. 2 October, new, 31⅞, 32, 31⅞, 32. December, new, 32½, 32½, 32@32½, 32¼c. Mess pork, per bbl—October $17 00, 17 00, 17 00, 17 00; January $15 60, 15 80, 15 60, 15 77½; May $14 75, 14 90, 14 75, 14 87½. Lard, per 100 lbs—October $10 25, 10 25, 10 15, 10 25; January $8 85, 8 92½, 8 85, 8 92½; May $8 30, 8 40, 8 30, 8 37½. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—October $11 40, 11 40, 11 40, 11 40; January $8 20, 8 27½, 8 20, 8 27½.

FOREIGN MARKET.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, October 8.—Cotton: Spot in fair demand; prices easier; American middling fair 5 10-100d; good middling 4 88-100d; middling 4 78-100d; low middling 4 68-100d; good ordinary 4 56-100d; ordinary 4 44-100d. The sales of the day were 12,000 bales, of which 500 bales were for speculation and export and included 11,500 bales American. Receipts 4,000 bales, including 3,900 bales American.

Futures opened quiet and closed easy; American middling (g o c) October 4 59-100d seller; October and November 4 52-100d buyer; November and December 4 50-100d buyer; December and January 4 49-100d buyer; January and February 4 49-100d seller; February and March 4 49-100d seller; March and April 4 48-100d buyer; April and May 4 48-100d buyer; May and June 4 48-100d buyer.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Highlander, Bradshaw, Fayetteville, T D Love.
Clyde steamship Oneida, Rich, New York and Providence, H G Smallbones.

CLEARED.

Steamer Highlander, Bradshaw, Fayetteville, T D Love.
British steamship Gladys, Edwards, Bremen, Alexander Sprunt & Son.
Clyde steamship Oneida, Rich, Georgetown, S C, H G Smallbones.
Steamer Planter, Bennett, Georgetown, S C, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

EXPORTS.

FOREIGN.

BREMEN—British steamship Gladys, 7,010 bales cotton, 3,496,788 pounds, valued at $306,000; cargo and vessel by Alexander Sprunt & Son.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

C. C. Railroad—107 bales cotton, 1 cask spirits turpentine, 37 barrels rosin, 36 barrels tar, 28 barrels crude turpentine.

W. & W. Railroad—24 bales cotton, 6 barrels rosin, 22 barrels crude turpentine.

W., C. & A. Railroad—1,813 bales cotton, 8 casks spirits turpentine, 12 barrels rosin, 59 barrels tar, 23 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—600 bales cotton, 15 casks spirits turpentine, 18 barrels tar, 15 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer Highlander—209 bales cotton, 10 casks spirits turpentine, 189 barrels tar, 32 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer Planter—478 bales of cotton.

Steamer Argyle—75 barrels rosin, 18 barrels tar.

Steamer Black River—13 casks spirits turpentine, 75 barrels rosin.

Total—3,431 bales cotton, 47 casks spirits turpentine, 205 barrels rosin, 205 barrels tar, 290 barrels crude turpentine, 57 barrels crude turpentine.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

FOR RENT,

Stores, Dwellings, Offices, &c.

au 23 tf D. O'CONNOR.

PUZZLE PICTURE.

THE WEELITTLES AT VIENNA ARSENAL.

The Vienna Arsenal. Soldiers in the distance are seen eyeing them suspiciously. "The pass-word is America" suggests Weelittle.

FIND THE AUSTRIAN GUARD.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE NORTH CAROLINA HOT SPRINGS,

THE MOUNTAIN PARK HOTEL,

Hot Springs N. C.

Hot Mineral Drinking Water and Baths, with temperature ranging from ninety-six to one hundred and ten degrees. Strongly Alkaline and Nature's Specific for Rheumatism, Gout, Sciatica, and all kindred troubles. There are no cases which they will not greatly relieve, and few which they will not positively cure, if faithfully used. These Springs are in the grounds of the

MOUNTAIN PARK HOTEL,

A Hostelry with accommodations for Three Hundred Guests, and New, Modern, Elegant. Situated in a park of one hundred acres, on the banks of the French Broad River, thirty-five miles west of Asheville, on the main line of the Southern Railway, surrounded by some of the grandest mountains east of the Rocky Mountains. No Humidity. No Fogs. A delightful Home for the Pleasure-Seeker, an Eden for the Rheumatic. No healthier, no more delightful place in the world.

Write us for Illustrated Booklet, with Analysis and Testimonials.

HOWELL COBB, Proprietor.

mar 9 tf su

A NOVELTY.....

In order to determine the comparative values of our daily papers as a medium for advertisin , and to have the people see the Finest line of Furniture ever shown in North Carolina, and as fine as they can find in New York City, I will, during the month of October have in my store a box in which any visitor, whether a buyer or not, may place a slip on which they will write name and address and name of paper in which they saw this notice, and on the 1st of November the box will be well shaken and one slip drawn from same. The party whose name is on the slip will receive as a souvenir of this ad the Handsome Gold Musical Chair, which has attracted so much attention. Non-residents may mail their slips, which will be placed in box, but residents of city must visit the store in person.

N. F. PARKER,

Furniture and Furniture Novelties, 111 Market St.

Bell 'Phone 613. Inter-State 421.

oct 1 tf D&W

Notice to Depositors!

Interest for the quarter ending October 1st is now due and payable. Depositors who have had as much as five dollars on deposit for three months or longer are requested to bring in their books at their convenience to have interest entered.

The People's Savings Bank.

Opposite the Postoffice,

H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President.
oct 2 tf F. W. DICK, Cashier.

DR. MOFFETT'S TEETHINA (TEETHING POWDERS)

Costs Only 25 cents at Druggists,

Or mail 25 cents to C. J. MOFFETT, M. D., ST. LOUIS, MO.

Cures Cholera-Infantum, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, and the Bowel Troubles of Children of Any Age. Aids Digestion, Regulates the Bowels, Strengthens the Child and Makes TEETHING EASY.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 19, 1900.

We have handled Dr. Moffett's TEETHINA (Teething Powders) ever since its first introduction to the public and trade as a proprietary medicine, and our trade in it has steadily increased from year to year until our orders now amount to two or three hundred gross per year, which is a very strong evidence of its merit and the satisfaction it is giving to the mothers of the country, for they say nothing so effectually counteracts the effects of the summer's hot sun or overcomes so quickly the troubles incident to teething.

THE LAMAR & RANKIN DRUG CO., Wholesale Druggists.

For sale by all good Druggists. R. R. BELLAMY can supply the rade with TEETHINA at Dr. Moffett's prices. je 3 1y

THE DAIRYMAN

Sore teats is rather vague. It may mean almost anything, as reference to the definition of sore in a dictionary will show you, and an ointment that would be good for sore teats arising from one cause is not necessarily good for all. The term is perhaps most frequently applied to chronic erythema, a disease of the skin of the teats in which there are chaps or cracks. It may occur under a variety of circumstances, but the trouble is mainly confined to newly calved animals. In cows with very delicate skins this disorder is very liable to develop and is difficult to cure owing to the necessity for regular milking. Sometimes imperfect removal of the milk on account of the soreness of the teats gives rise to a worse trouble in the shape of mammitis and loss of one or more quarters. Wet milking and leaving the teats wet in cold weather is a fertile cause of soreness. The proper thing to do is to treat each case on its merits, but perhaps the most useful dressing to keep on hand for general purposes is camphor and elder ointment. Any chemist will supply you with such a compound, or it may be made by mixing half an ounce of finely powdered camphor with four ounces of elder ointment. Another useful dressing, especially when flies are troublesome, is glycerin and carbolic acid. In many cases it is necessary to draw off the milk by means of a heat tube or siphon. A laxative dose, twelve to sixteen ounces of epsom salts, is useful in cases of Erythema mammillarum.—Farm and Home.

New Creameries For Iowa.

We are advised by several creamery supply salesmen traveling in Iowa that the prospects for new creamery buildings this spring are better than for several years, says Creamery Journal. A number of new factories are now under way, and as soon as spring opens it will keep the salesmen busy visiting the points which are good "prospects." No one seems to understand the cause of the boom which is surely coming, as it would seem that the high price of feed would be a discouraging feature. But the farmers have the creamery fever, and there is good business in sight for the creamery supply houses.

Digest These Facts.

The heavy producing cow is what concerns the dairyman most, says an exchange. Suppose you have a cow that produces 158 pounds of butter a year at 17 cents a pound, she would bring $25.50. This is almost the cost of the feed. On the other hand, if you keep a cow that will produce 300 pounds of butter in a year at 17 cents a pound she will net you $51. Think about this and read, mark, learn and digest these facts.

A Barn For the Cows.

Don't keep cows in same barn with other stock. Time is money, therefore the barn should be convenient for cleaning out, for feeding and for getting cows in and out. It should allow an abundance of sunshine.

The Minnesota dairy and food commissioner has entered upon a most worthy work in the way of preventing those creamery proprietors who make a practice of underreading the milk test. One case is that of the secretary of the Delavan creamery, who has been arrested and fined for instructing his butter maker to short cut the test of milk and cream that came to the creamery. The St. Paul Globe in commenting on the fact very truthfully says:

Where there are several creameries within easy distance of a farmer he will naturally go to the creamery that will pay him the most for his cream. If one of the creameries underreads the tests of butter fat, it can offer a larger price than is offered by the creameries where the test is properly recorded. In this way the creamery gets a greater patronage than the other creameries by fraudulent means. It creates an unfair competition, and not only do the other creameries suffer, but in the long run the farmer also loses, because he is not actually getting the same return as he would get from the other creameries were his own cream correctly tested.

The Angus-Jersey Cross.

Cows of the Erica, Jennet and Coquet families are considered good milkers by those who handle them and are undoubtedly better for dairy purposes than the general run of scrub cattle found throughout the country, says R. D. Rosa of Goodland, Kan. As for milking, high class beef cattle no breed probably surpasses them.

Some fat calves from Jersey cows and an Angus bull topped the fat calf market in Chicago one day last November. This is, at least, one of the few times if not the only time half Jerseys have competed with beef bred calves and topped the market. According to all market reports and to every known test, no bull can produce more valuable calves and calves more salable at an early age than an Angus.

Know What You Are Doing.

The cow is of paramount consequence in the business of making market milk. The dairyman should determine the character or quality of milk he proposes to produce and sell and the minimum quantity of milk of this kind which he will demand from every cow he owns during the 365 days in every year which he is obliged to feed and care for her.

The Cow the Year Round.

The cow should have good care twelve months in the year. She should give milk ten months and rest two months. During the latter time she should have little or no concentrated food and the last forty-eight hours before calving have laxative food.

Longevity.

The span of life is gradually expanding. We live longer and get more out of it than our grandfathers did. Whether the cause of this is a better knowledge of natural law or more skillful surgery we will not undertake to say. At any rate, people think this a pretty good world to live in and want to stay here as long as they can comfortably. The man with 100 birth anniversaries behind him is not such a remarkable fellow after all.—New York Herald.

Cause For Grievance.

"When you refused me, you promised always to be my friend, and now you are as cold as an iceberg."

"But I didn't think you were going to stop proposing."—Life.

For Croup use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by J. C. Shepard.

HE FILLED THE BUCKET.

A Story of Grant When He Was a "Pleb," at West Point.

There is a story told of General Grant when a pleb. He had just entered on his first day in "pleb" camp. A first classman who had noticed the boy's strong build intimated to him it would be a pleasure to have him call immediately at the senior's tent. Grant went. There is a rule at West Point, which was a rule then as well, that any cadet who asks another to perform menial labor for him shall be dismissed from the service. The first classman knew too much to ask his pleb. visitor outright to do anything of the kind, but here is the way he went at it:

"I presume, Mr. Grant, that you have lived on a farm, and, this being the case, you have had undoubtedly a good opportunity to note the effect of the sun's rays on certain objects. Now, if you had left a water bucket that was innocent of holding a single drop of the fluid out in the sun from its rising to its setting, what do you think, sir, would be the particular effect upon that particular water bucket?"

"I think," said Grant, "that it would get warped and leaky."

"Very good, Mr. Grant. You show erudition beyond your years. Now, if you will notice my water bucket, you will see that it is as dry as a chip. Now, by the further exercise of your knowledge, Mr. Grant, can you tell me by what means I may prevent the warping and leaking of my bucket?"

"Have it filled," said Grant.

"Very good again, Mr. Grant, but note that you said 'have it filled,' not 'fill it.' That necessarily means that some one must fill it for me. You have shown so much acumen that I fear to violate your prescription either in letter or in spirit, which I should do if I presumed to carry the bucket to the water tank myself."

Grant filled the bucket.

A Tough Negro.

Stories of brute toughness and Homeric endurance are tenderly preserved in the folklore of the water front—how, for instance, Scipio Flanagan, "the biggest nigger in the business," supported the entire weight of an immense packing case, weighing upward of 1,800, on his prostrate body. The negro held the hand truck to receive the case, which in the hands of half a dozen men was being balanced at just the right angle to slip into place. But it hit the edge of the truck and knocked it away, and the negro unluckily lost his footing and fell flat with the great box on top of him. He shrieked in terror and groaned, it was said, like a siren whistle, but when a gang of fifteen men lifted the thing bodily and pulled him out all he did was to screw his fists into his eyes like a big child, stretch his long limbs grotesquely and return to work. Of course he talked about this feat for many a day.—Frank Leslie's Monthly.

It Dazzles the World.

No discovery in medicine has ever created one quarter of the excitement that has been caused by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It's severest tests have been on hopeless victims of Consumption, Pneumonia, Hemorrhage, Pleurisy and Bronchitis, thousands of whom it has restored to perfect health. For Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Croup, Hay Fever, Hoarseness and Whooping Cough it is the quickest, surest cure in the world. It is sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist, who guarantees satisfaction or refund the money. Large bottles 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles free.

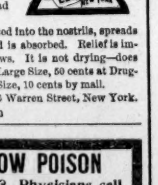
Piles! Piles! Piles!

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared to cure Piles and DOES IT in short order. Easy to apply, every box guaranteed, 50c. and $1.00. All druggists or by mail. WILLIAMS M'F'G Co., Cleveland, Ohio. Sold by J. C. Sheppard, Jr.

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.



Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.
sep 16 tf sa tu th

IS YELLOW POISON

In your blood? Physicians call it Malarial Germ. It can be seen changing red blood yellow under microscope. It works day and night. First, it turns your complexion yellow. Chilly, aching sensations creep down your backbone. You feel weak and worthless.

ROBERTS' CHILL TONIC

will stop the trouble now. It enters the blood at once and drives out the yellow poison. If neglected and when Chills, Fevers, Night-Sweats and a general break-down come later on, Roberts' Tonic will cure you then—but why wait? Prevent future sickness. The manufacturers know all about this yellow poison and have perfected Roberts' Tonic to drive it out, nourish your system, restore appetite, purify the blood, prevent and cure Chills, Fevers and Malaria. It has cured thousands—It will cure you, or your money back. This is fair. Try it. Price, 25 cents.

R. R. BELLAMY.

mar 99 D&W[illegible] sa tu th

I Offer to the Trade

Penny Candies, all styles; Broken Stick Candy, Smoked Herring, Cakes and Crackers, Sardines, Potted Ham, Rice, all grades of Molasses, and complete line of Groceries. Prices and samples furnished on application. Merchants visiting the city will do well to inspect my stock.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

Wilmington, N. C.

apr 27 tf 118 Market Street

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

ms th th ss

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and GOLD metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. mention this paper Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

THE MANY HUNDREDS

OF LADIES THAT HAVE VISITED OUR FALL OPENING THIS WEEK COMPLIMENTED OUR DISPLAY OF

Pattern Hats and Fine Millinery Very Much.

The decorations of our store throughout were pronounced by many to be very fine—everything was harmonious.

Our dress goods department had on display the grandest line of dress goods that we have been able to show and even though the weather has been very warm our sales have been unusually good.

In our millinery department our sales even surprised us. Our milliners took orders for hundreds of pretty hats which we have been working hard to try and get them ready on time. Our stock of men and boys' clothing has had their full share of patronage and we are claiming to have the best stock of clothing in the city. We have hundreds of boys' suits that run in price from $1 to $4 that I know are new and nobby and strictly up-to-date; in men's suits, from $5 to $12.50, we defy competition; we claim to have the strongest line sold in North Carolina.

If you are thinking of buying a suit for yourself or for your boys and saving money is any object, it will pay you to give us a look.

Men's strictly all-wool cheviot suits, worth $7.50, can be found in our store for $5.

For $7.50 and $10 you can get the very best suit. Every thing in this line is strictly all new goods.

In ladies' cloaks and furs and shirt waists we have an elegant line and assortment in all styles; nice cloaks from $2.50 to $12.50; fur collarettes from 75c to $9 each; shirt waists, beautifully made, at 50c; nice silk waists at $2.98; ladies' ready-made skirts, we have them at all prices, $1 to $2.50; beautiful walking skirts $2.50 and up; ladies' underskirts, nicely made and full size, black, looks like silk, from 75c, $1 and $1.50; ladies' muslin underwear in all prices; corset covers at 10c, better at 15c, 20 and 25c; full size gown, with ruffle and embroidery, at 48c; better at 75c, $1 and $1.25; waist chemisettes, beautifully made and trimmed, at $1.25; white skirts 50c, 75c and $1; ladies' strapped bust corsets at 23c each; an elegant corset at 39c each; beautiful girdles at 50c each; fascinators, circular shawls, 23c to $2.50.

For Oil Stove—we have just secured the agency for the best—we sell the Perfection smokeless, odorless oil heaters, maximum heat at minimum cost, safe and reliable, at $5 and $5.50.

We also sell the Alladin Lamp, which we claim to be the best sold in the city, at $1.50 each. In our crockery department we have very much increased. We sell fine gold band China cups, saucers and plates for $2.25 per set of 18 pieces.

Best large bowls and pitchers at 90c per set. Ten piece toilet bed room set handsomely decorated, for $2.50. Full size perfect cups and saucers, six in set, for 45c per set.

Best goblets at 30c per set; nice tumblers at 19c per set; meat platters 10c and up.

Candy—we have added to our stock a full assortment of fine candies, good candy as low as 8c per pound; pure cream chocolates at 15c per pound.

Fine almond and walnut chocolates at 25c. Everything in this line is kept fresh by getting in a new supply each week.

We wish to thank the ladies for their large attendance at our opening, and would like to say that we are never undersold by any one.

Our millinery department is at your service, at prices our competitors can't touch. Miss Brown with her able force of assistants will trim your hats free when you buy hat and material from us.

Wilmington's Big Racket Store

GEO. O. GAYLORD, PROPRIETOR.

oct 5 tf

Coal, Coal.

For Manufacturing. For Domestic Use.

For any purpose where a

First-Class Quality of Bituminous Coal is Wanted.

We are prepared to furnish any quantity desired.

See Us Before Making Contract.

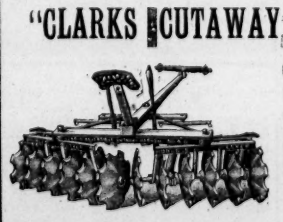
Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Phones—Bell 94. Inter-State 146. au 24 tf

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.

"District Agents" for the

"CLARKS CUTAWAY DISC HARROWS,"



One of the greatest labor-saving machines known, and such work as it does cannot be done by any other machine made.

In a few days will show one of the largest and finest lines of American and English double and single breech loading Shot Guns ever brought to this market.

sep 17 tf Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK,

OF WILMINGTON, N. C.,

Capital, Surplus and Individual Liability $450,000.

The business of this Bank is growing because it is strong, its customers get the best of service, and every facility consistent with careful business policy.

Deposits October 3rd, 1901..... $668,000.
Deposits to-day..... $1,103,000.
Foreign Exchange bought and sold.

H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier. oct 4 tf

WARM SHOE FACTS FOR COOL WEATHER!

We now possess the most complete assortment of

Fall & Winter Shoes

for Wholesale and Retail trade ever brought to North Carolina. All styles, all prices. It will be our pleasure to show you through. See our window.

GEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.

108 NORTH FRONT STREET.

oct 5 tf

MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS

They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "LIFE SAVERS" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. $1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

J. C. SHEPARD, Jr., Wilmington.

Consolidated Railways, LIGHT AND POWER CO.

SUBURBAN LINE.

In Effect Oct. 6th, 1902.

FRONT AND PRINCESS STREETS.

Leave at 7:00, 9:00 and 11:00 A. M. and 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00 and 10:00 P. M.

Sundays, every hour from 9:00 A. M. to 10:00 P. M.

WRIGHTSVILLE.

Westbound, leave at 8:30 and 10:00 A. M. Noon 2:00, 4:00, 6:00, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30 and 10:30 P. M.

Sundays, every hour from 10:00 A. M. to 6:00 P. M. and from 6:30 P. M. to 10:30 P. M.

OCEAN VIEW.

Leave at 9:45 and 11:45 A. M., 1:45, 3:45 and 5:45 P. M.

Sundays, every hour from 9:45 A. M. to 5:45 P. M.

Only cars going through to Ocean View leave Front and Princess at 9 and 11 A. M. and 1, 3 and 5 P. M. on week days, and on Sundays hourly from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

FREIGHT AND PASSENGER CAR.

Leave Front and Princess streets at 7:00 A. M. Freight received from 6:45 to 7:00 A. M.; Ninth and Orange at 4:00 P. M. Freight received from 3:00 to 4:00 P. M.

CITY LINE.

Leave Front and Princess streets daily, except Sunday, every ten minutes from 7:30 A. M. to midnight.

SUNDAY.

Every ten minutes from 8:30 A. M. to midnight.

S. A. L. CAR.

Leave Fourth and Brunswick streets daily every ten minutes from 11:35 A. M. to 12:05 P. M. and from 2:35 P. M. to 2:55 P. M.

CEMETERY CARS.

Leave Tenth and Princess streets on Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday every ten minutes from 2:05 P. M. to 7:05 P. M. Saturdays every ten minutes from 2:05 P. M. to 10:05 P. M.

CHARTERED CARS

Furnished on three hours' notice over any part of the City or Suburban Line from $5.00 to $15.00, according to the service.

A. B. SKELDING, Gen'l Manager.

oct 4 tf

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Between New York, Tampa Atlanta. New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect April 13.

TRAIN 39 Leaves Wilmington at 3:05 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:30 P. M., Pembroke 5:45 P. M., Maxton 6:15 P. M., Hamlet 7:15 P. M., Charlotte 10:30 P. M.

TRAIN 40 Leaves Charlotte 4:50 A. M., Hamlet at 8:10 A. M., arrives Maxton 8:59 A. M., Pembroke 9:30 A. M., Lumberton 9:50 A. M., Wilmington 12.15 noon.

WESTBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Hamlet	10.35 p m	7.35 a m
Ar Monroe	12.15 a m	9.05 a m
Ar Charlotte	....	10.18 a m
Ar Chester	1.35 a m	10.22 a m
Ar Greenwood	3.43 a m	12.30 p m
Ar Athens	6.13 a m	2.50 p m
Ar Atlanta	8.50 a m	4.55 p m

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points.

SOUTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	10.35 p m	7.30 a m
Ar Columbia	1.05 a m	9.40 a m
Ar Savannah	4.55 a m	2.10 p m
Ar Jacksonville	9.15 a m	7.45 p m
Ar Tampa	8.40 p m	6.45 a m

NORTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	10.40 p m	8.05 a m
Ar Raleigh	1.30 a m	11.05 a m
Ar Norfolk	3.30 a m	1.45 p m
Ar Portsmouth	....	....
Ar Norfolk	7.15 a m	5.35 p m

Lv Hamlet	10.40 p m	8.25 a m	7.40 a m	
Ar Raleigh	1.30 a m	11.30 a m	11.00 a m	
Ar Norfolk	3.30 a m	1.25 a m	1.45 p m	
Ar Petersburg	5.54 a m	4.07 p m	4.55 p m	
Ar Richmond	6.35 a m	4.55 p m	5.45 p m	
Ar Washington	10.10 a m	8.35 p m	9.30 p m	
Ar Baltimore	11.25 a m	11.25 p m	11.25 p m	
Ar New York	4.15 p m	6.30 a m	6.30 a m	

Train 40 leaving Hamlet at 8.10 a. m. takes passengers from train 31, leaving New York at 12.35 p. m.; Baltimore at 5.45 p. m.; Washington 7.00 p. m.; Richmond 10.57 p. m.; Portsmouth 3.50 p. m.; Norfolk 5.30 p. m.; Raleigh 4.12 a. m. arriving at Hamlet at 7.00 a. m. From train 38, leaving Atlanta 8.00 p. m.; Athens 11.23 p. m.; Chester 4.00 a. m.; Charlotte 4.50 a. m.; Monroe 5.40 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.00 a. m.

From train 66 leaving Jacksonville 3.05 p. m.; Savannah 12.10 p. m.; Columbia 3.55 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 5.05 a. m.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, etc., apply to Thomas D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

ap 16 tf

New Goods.

FIRST PAT. FLOUR,

Second Pat. Flour,

Straight Flour.

RICE, SUGAR, COFFEE,

CANNED GOODS,

SOAP, STARCH, &c., &c.

Special attention to consignments.

S. P. McNAIR.

my 9 tf

School Supplies.

We have a full line of

Tablets, Composition Books, Slates, Book Bags, Pens, Pencils, Crayons, Pencil Boxes, &c.

ROBERT C. DeROSSET,

oct 5 tf 107 Market St.

Sandy Run Poultry Yards

W. D. HARRILL & CO., Prop.,

ELLENBORO, N. C.

Eggs for sale from prize winners of the following varieties:

Black Minorcas, Light Brahmas, Black Langshans, Buff, Brown and White Leghorns. Buff Plymouth Rocks, Partridge Wyandottes, R. I. Reds and S. S. Hamburgs. Won at High Point, N. C., every first prize competed for but two; won at Charleston, S. C., four first, second and third on ten entries.

Eggs—Leghorns, Plymouth Rocks, R. I. Reds and S. S. Hamburgs $1.50 for 15; Partridge Wyandottes $3.00 for 15; Langshans, Minorcas and Brahmas $2.00 for 15.

Write your wants or order from this advertisement. We will do you right. feb 23 tf

THE OLD RELIABLE.

We are well supplied with competent barbers now; but we can accommodate a few more customers to whom we guarantee the very best attention. Call at the old Prempert headquarters.

GUION & DAVIS, sep 9 tf 7 South Front St.

Atlantic Coast Line.

Schedule in Effect Sept. 15, 1902

DEPARTURES FROM WILMINGTON.

DAILY except Sunday 6.00 A. M. — No. 51—Due Lake Waccamaw 7.10 A M., Chadbourn, 7.41 A. M., Marion 8.45 A. M., Florence 9.25 A. M., Lanes 11 26 A. M., Charleston 1 10 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 9.10 A. M. — No. 53—Due Fayetteville A. M. 12.20 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 12.40 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.58 P. M.

DAILY 4.30 P. M. — No. 43—Due Magnolia 11.05 A. M., Warsaw 11.21 A. M., Goldsboro 12.21 P. M., Wilson 1.18 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M. Weldon 4.53 P. M., Petersburg 6.45 P. M., Richmond 7.45 P. M., Norfolk 5.5 P. M., Washington 11.40 P. M., Baltimore 1.38 A. M., Philadelphia 4.08 A. M., New York 7.13 A. M., *Boston 2.30 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 8.35 P. M — No. 62—Due Jacksonville 4.15 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

DAILY 5.45 P. M. — No. 55—Due Lake Waccamaw 8.40 P. M., Chadbourn 9.03 P. M., Marion 8.58 P. M., Florence 8.15 P. M. Sumter 9 30 P. M., Columbia 10.55 P. M. Denmark 6.31 A. M., Augusta 8.25 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 11.15 P. M., Savannah 3.00 A. M., Jacksonville 6.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.50 A. M., Tampa 10.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. — No. 49—Due Magnolia 8.36 P. M., Warsaw 8.40 P. M., Goldsboro 9.37 P. M., Wilson 10.30 P. M., +Tarboro 9.34 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.23 P. M. Weldon 1.50 A. M., +Norfolk 1.00 P. M. Petersburg 3.35 A. M., Richmond 4.12 A. M., Washington 7.54 A. M., Baltimore 9.13 A. M., Philadelphia 11.33 A. M., New York 1.53 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON.

DAILY 10.10 A. M. — No. 41—From North Richmond Wilson.

DAILY 12.15 Noon. — No. 63—From Newbern.

DAILY 1.40 P. M. — No. 54—From Tampa, Jacksonville, Charleston.

DAILY 6.00 P M — No. 49—From North Richmond. Wilson.

DAILY 7.30 P M — No. 53—From Sanford. Fayetteville.

DAILY except Sund'y 11.45 P M — No. 50—From Charleston Florence.

PULLMAN Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington on trains Nos. 40 and 41.

W. J. CRAIG, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
H. M. EMERSON, Assis't Traffic Manager.
jy 31 tf

Good Crops AND GOOD PRICES

Make the Farmers Happy.

And this makes everybody happy.

There will be money to spend this Fall and Winter. So call and see us when you need goods in our line. We carry a heavy stock of

Hardware, Agricultural Implements, Cutlery, Tinware, &c.

J. W. Murchison & Co.,

sep 16 tf Wilmington, N. C.

PEANUTS, PEANUTS, PEANUTS.

500 Bags Virginia and North Carolina Peanuts.

We are also agents for the Acme Peanut Roaster, price $17.50 delivered.

Also, a full line of other goods for sale.

D. L. CORE CO.,

Wholesale Grocers, 118 to 134 North Water street, Wilmington, N. C.

sep 28 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 16.

To Take Effect Sunday, Oct. 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Pass'g'r Trains Leave	STATIONS	GOING WEST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Pass'g'r Trains Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 40	Goldsboro	11 05	.....
.....	4 35	Kinston	10 10	.....
5 40	5 50	Newbern	9 27	9 00
7 02	7 07	Morehead City	7 28	7 27
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.25 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 4.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & M. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

oct 22 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C., and Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

From New York for Wilmington.

SAGINAW..... Saturday, Oct. 11
ONEIDA..... Saturday, Oct. 18

From Wilmington for New York.

ONEIDA..... Soturday, Oct. 11
SAGINAW..... Saturday, Oct. 18

From Wilmington for Georgetown.

SAGINAW..... Tuesday, Oct. 14
ONEIDA..... Tuesday, Oct. 21

Steamship Oneida does not carry passengers.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight and passage apply to H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt. Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, General Manager, 15 State street, New York.

oct 8 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 9.

LYNCHING IN TENNESSEE.

Two Negroes Charged With Murder Taken from Jail and Hanged by a Mob of Five Hundred Persons.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEWBERN, TENN., Oct. 8.—Garfield Burley and Curtis Brown, two negroes, were hanged here to-night by a mob of five hundred persons.

Burley, on Saturday last, shot and instantly killed D. Flatt, a well known young farmer, near Dyersburg. Flatt had traded horses with the negro and the latter demanded that the trade be called off. Flatt refused to accede to this proposition and while on his way home was shot down by Burley. A posse had been hunting the murderer and last night located him in a negro cabin at Huffman, Ark. While being brought to Dyersburg Burley confessed the killing, implicating Curtis Brown as an accessory.

Both men were lodged in jail at Dyersburg to-day. A mob soon appeared at the jail and demanded possession of the prisoners. Criminal Court Judge Maiden made a strong plea that the law be allowed to deal with the case, saying that he would instruct the grand jury to find indictments at once and that the negroes would be placed on trial to-morrow.

The mob would not listen to the judge's reasoning and forcibly took possession of the two men. A start was made for Newbern, which place was reached at 8:30 o'clock to-night. Ropes were procured and the two men were taken to a telephone pole where they were securely tied, face to face. At a given word they were strung up and in a few minutes both were pronounced dead. The crowd afterward quietly dispersed.

THE NEW ORLEANS STRIKE.

Another Riot—A Dozen or More Men Injured—Troops Placed at the Disposal of the Mayor.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, October 8.—Another riot took place this morning when the New Orleans Railway Company tried to run out a passenger car and the police, trying to retrieve their record of the day before, offered some resistance. A dozen or more men are more or less hurt. Governor Heard was called upon during the afternoon and after a telephonic conference with Mayor Capdevielle ordered Major General Glynn, in command of the military district, to report to the mayor. To night there will be a consultation of the military commanders and arrangements made to distribute the troops to-morrow, so that adequate protection will be afforded the company in its effort to run cars.

The riot this morning occurred in the same neighborhood as the one of the day before. One car was started from the Canal street barn about 9 o'clock with ten Chicago strike-breakers and ten policemen aboard. Two blocks from the barn the strikers pulled up the wooden crossings and constructed a barricade on the track. The car stopped and Robert D. Koontz, one of the non-union men, got off to remove the obstructions. He succeeded, though set upon by the crowd.

The strikers then made a rush for the car and a lively fight ensued. There was a regular fusilade, fully a hundred shots being exchanged by the men and police on the car and the strikers.

A GHASTLY FIND.

Thirty-two Dead Bodies in a Cold Storage Plant of an Ice Cream Factory at Louisville, Ky.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 8.—Thirty dead bodies were found to-night in a cold storage plant in the rear of an ice cream factory on Eighth street. The same pipes which were used in congealing the ice cream for table use were connected with a small plant in a shed in the rear where they kept the bodies cool. The heads of the several colleges interested in the establishment asserted to-night that the bodies were obtained legitimately from the penitentiaries, insane asylums and other institutions of the State of Kentucky. The building is a small one and is provided with numerous thermometers for maintaining the proper temperature. The bodies were found in boxes and most of them were in a good state of preservation. The establishment is maintained by several Louisville medical colleges. The head of these institutions say they are given the bodies by the State with the understanding that they are to be held thirty days for indentification. In order to assist in the identification the cold storage plant was established and an arrangement made with the ice cream plant to furnish the cooling air.

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

Entered Into Agreement With St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, VA., Oct. 8.—President John Skelton Williams, of the Seaboard Air Line, arrived in the city today and confirmed the report that his road and the St. Louis & San Francisco railroad have settled their differences at Birmingham, Ala., and entered into a mutually satisfactory agreement by which the Seaboard secures practically all the rights recently granted by the city of Birmingham over its various streets, and also trackage rights over the lines of the St. Louis & San Francisco branch road from Birmingham to the manufacturing towns of Bessemer and Ensley. The Seaboard, through its connection with the St. Louis & San Francisco at Birmingham, secures an outlet to St. Louis, Kansas City and Chicago.

It Girdles the Globe.

The fame of Bucklen's Arnica Salve as the best in the world extends round the earth. It's the one perfect healer of Cuts, Corns, Burns, Bruises, Sores, Scalds, Boils, Ulcers, Felons, Aches, Pains and all Skin Eruptions. Only infallible Pile Cure. 25 cents a box at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

THE G. A. R. PARADE IN WASHINGTON.

Procession Consumed Five Hours Time in Passing the Reviewing Stand.

AT LEAST 25,000 MEN IN LINE.

Women and Girls in the Procession—Ex-Confederate Longstreet Occupied a Seat on the Reviewing Stand. Displays Made by States.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—For more than six hours to-day the people in Washington hummed the chorus of the old civil war song, "Tramp, Tramp, Tramp, the Boys Are Marching," and for an equal time the veterans constituting the Grand Army of the Republic made good the claim. The parade was the climax of the thirty-sixth encampment of their order. The occasion was in every way worthy of the Grand Army.

Beginning at a few minutes past 10 o'clock, when the head of the column moved from its station at the Capitol, it was almost 5 o'clock when the last squad in the line passed the place of the disbandment, west of the White House. None of the soldiers were marching any great part of the time, for the entire line did not exceed two and half miles in length, but those who composed the rear detachments were on their feet practically all day, much of the time being consumed in waiting to take their places in the line. The route of the parade was down historic Pennsylvania avenue, along which many of them marched as raw recruits in going to war in 1861 and in 1862 and many others as tried veterans on the occasion of the grand review after the close of the war in 1865.

Passing the Reviewing Stand.

More than five hours' time was consumed by the procession in passing the reviewing stand in front of the White House.

There were at least 25,000 men in line and the estimate of Commander-in-Chief Torrance ran as high as thirty thousand men.

The parade was reviewed by Commander-in-Chief Torrance, who was assisted by the members of the President's cabinet and by Adjutant General Fowler of the G. A. R. Secretary Hay stood immediately on the right of the commander-in-chief, while Secretaries Root, Moody, Wilson and Hitchcock and Postmaster General Payne occupied seats in the rear. Occupying seats well to the front were many veterans of the civil war, including General O. O. Howard, General Daniel E. Sickles, General Carrington, General J. Warren Keifer and General Edgar Allan. Sitting in the midst of these distinguished ex Union soldiers was the ex-Confederate General Longstreet. He was escorted to the front together with General Sickles and when the two appeared side by side they were greeted with hearty cheers. It was said to be the first time that an ex-Confederate officer had appeared in a Grand Army reviewing stand.

Scattered here and there in the procession were ladies, and once in a while a girl appeared as a daughter of the regiment. There was one female band, composed of ladies hailing from Waterloo, Indiana, all of whom wore long maroon colored dresses. They played a patriotic air as they passed the reviewing stand and were duly cheered. Indeed, whenever ladies occupied a place in the line they were applauded, notwithstanding their presence was forbidden by general orders.

Unique Displays.

In many instances the departments representing States carried banners or badges or other devices intended to attract attention to especial State characteristics or productions. The Georgia men wore open cotton bolls in their hats and the Alabamians the same insignia in their coat lapels. The Minnesota men held aloft a broad placard announcing that to be the "bread and butter State." South Dakota's sons carried long sticks bearing on the point long ears of yellow corn. The Floridians were decorated with palms and pineapples, the Louisianians with cotton and sugar cane and the Vermonters with ferns. Every Kansan in the parade, and there were several hundred of them, carried an umbrella painted on the outside to represent a huge sunflower. This probably was the most unique display made by any State, though it was only a little more so than that of Iowa, whose members carried a ear of native corn as a canteen. Texas carried high in the air a lone silver star set between a pair of immense Texas steer horns. The Oklahoma contingent, as usual, pressed the claims of that territory to admission into the Union of States. One of the Michiganders held up a big gray rooster, but he was too subdued to crow as he passed the grand stand, though he was vehemently urged to do so. Bryan post, of Trenton, N. J., carried a hornet's nest (vacated), and a placard held aloft announced that "there are still left some of the spring chickens of 1861."

The Maryland division was preceded by forty tightly furled and badly worn battle-flags. They were wound about pike staves and surmounted by wreaths of laurel.

A number of colored men marched in the columns from the Southern States, including Kentucky, Maryland, Georgia and the District of Columbia. In many cases they were accompanied by their own bands and they were generally received with cheers as they passed along.

In some instances the departments were represented by only a dozen or a score of veterans. Arizona had the smallest representation of any State or territory in line. There were only three men in her column, but they marched bravely along abreast, having their banner borne in advance by a colored man, the "color bearer," as one of the three announced.

Shakespeare's Anachronisms.

The very head and front of all offenders in the perpetration of anachronisms was Shakespeare himself. He speaks of cannon in the reign of John, whereas cannon were unknown until a century and a half later; of printing in the time of Henry II.; of clocks, and striking clocks at that, in the time of Julius Cæsar; he makes Hector quote Aristotle and Coriolanus refer to cats and Alexander; he introduces a billiard table into Cleopatra's palace; he dowers Bohemia with a sea coast and makes Delphos an island.

Quietly Severed.

"There has been very little discussion of your separation from your husband," said the New York woman.

"No," answered the Chicago friend; "we thought it over and concluded that a quiet divorce would be in so much better taste."—Washington Star.

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by J. C. Shepard.

FOOD IN FRUIT SKINS.

Nutritive Qualities in Them Believed to Be Brain Food.

There are more nutritive qualities hidden in the skins of fruits, cereals and vegetables than the average person is aware of. In fact, the great bulk of the brain building foods are in the skins of the fruits and vegetables we eat.

If, as Savarin says, "the destiny of nations depends on their food," then the destiny, whether a healthy long life or insanity or suicide of every unit of the United States depends on how he or she is fed.

If the breed so much depends upon food, why should not every person capable of normal thought seek to procure such food as best sustains his or her normality? Brain starvation, through the lack of suitable brain and nerve nourishment in our daily food, is the sole cause of the craving for stimulants to supply, as they do, artificially and improperly what nature has provided in a natural form in the skin of the grape, which contains the best part of the wine; in the skins of all fruits and vegetables, and if not in the skins of the cereals, how comes it that stimulating properties are extracted from them, as the inner kernel, the starch, is devoid of anything other than a heat giver?

It has been proved by chemical analysis and demonstrated by microscopic experiments that the most valuable brain sustaining properties are resident in all skins of cereals, fruits and vegetables, and as an instance of the great difference to the health resultant from partaking or rejecting the skins here is an incident that occurred in India, as told by an Indian officer:

A regiment was stationed in a part of the country where grapes were the chief article of food. The officers, one after another, became so sick as to be invalided as unfit for service, but it being considered remarkable that the troops were all well a commission of inquiry was instituted, when it was found that while every trooper in eating grapes swallowed the skins the officers followed the fashionable habit of rejecting them. It was then ordered that the officers should swallow the skins, which was done, with the result that they immediately recovered.

Thus it will be seen that the skin of the grape, besides being a brain feeder, possesses other healthful and nutritive qualities necessary to the sustenance of the human body. The reason why asparagus, cabbage, string beans, lettuce, spinach and other green vegetables are so wholesome is that the skins are not rejected.—Our Friend.

OLD FAMILIES OF VENICE.

Their Fortunes Are Dissipated and Their Palaces Sold.

Very few of the fine old palaces of Venice belong to the descendants of the families who built and originally occupied them. Very little of the enormous wealth for which Venice was celebrated in the fifteenth century remains. The most of it has been dissipated by the descendants of the men who made it, the same as in England, France and other countries. The rich men of Venice today are an entirely new class of people, whose names do not appear in the Golden Book, which contained a list of the patrician families in Venice who were invited to festivities at the palace. This book was instituted in 1315 and thenceforth until the Austrian occupation was the index and standard of nobility by which all claims to precedence were decided.

Occasionally the grand council, by a vote, rewarded the gallantry or public services of some citizen of humble birth by directing that his name be inscribed upon its pages. None but those whose names were in the Golden Book could use the golden stairs when they entered a doge's palace, and when this right was conferred it was equivalent to an order of nobility in another country. There is one notable exception to the decay of the ancient families, and he is Count Grimani, who traces his lineage back to one of the most famous of the doges, whose portrait, painted by Titian, hangs in the council chamber of the doge's palace. The Grimani palace is on the Grand canal, near the Rialto bridge, and is celebrated for its finely sculptured capitals.

Many of the rich men in Venice today are Jews. They practically control the banking business and manufacturing. They own the fine houses of historical interest and the best paying estates on the mainland in the neighborhood. The present wealth of Venice is invested not so much in real estate as in banking, manufacturing, flour mills, elevators, gas companies, cotton mills, the manufacture of glass and in steamships upon the Adriatic.—Chicago Herald.

MARRIAGE IN ARABIA.

The Wedding Procession an Elaborate and Noisy Affair.

A marriage procession among the Arabs is a very elaborate affair. The camel which bears the bride is decorated with bright henna dye on his neck and shoulders, while there are verses from the Koran inscribed on the hangings. His uncouth legs are often swathed with bright cloths, his head bedecked with plumes and small mirrors, while his back is resplendent with bright colored bits of tinsel, which glisten against a patchwork of many hued cloths. A hood or cage conceals the bride, and no doubt adds to the discomfort of the cramped ride on the beast. There are attendants, and last of all the musicians, chiefly drummers, who attract the crowds by their incessant pounding on small but high keyed instruments.

If the journey to the groom's home is a short one, it is lengthened by stops at frequent intervals, and all the while the lover must not show any eagerness to welcome her, no matter what his feelings may be. The Arab may be affectionate, but he cannot with dignity betray emotion. Among the lower classes buffoons accompany the procession with performing bears or other wild animals, and when the bride is wealthy largess is distributed along the route in the form of clothes or coin. When the groom's tent or fixed home has been reached, the bride is expected to show great reluctance about entering it, and in some cases she has to be lifted by the husband over the blood of a sheep he has just slain.—Woman's Home Companion.

A Magnificent Vessel.

In 268 B. C., Archimedes devised a marvelous ship for Hiero of Syracuse. Her three lofty masts had been brought from Britain, whereas our ships' masts are of iron or obtained from New Zealand or from Vancouver island. Luxuriously fitted sleeping apartments abounded, and one of her banqueting halls was paved with agate and costly Sicilian stone. Other floors were cunningly inlaid with scenes from the "Iliad." Stables for many horses, ponds stocked with live fish, gardens watered by artificial rivulets and hot baths were provided for use or amusement.—Chambers' Journal.

Ants can stand extremes of heat and cold. Forty-eight hours' exposure to frost will not kill them, and one sort has been observed to build its nest in chinks in a blacksmith's forge.

STRIKE SITUATION STILL UNCHANGED.

The End of the Mine Workers' Struggle Seems a Long Way Off.

SPECIAL MEETINGS HELD.

Every Local Union Resolved to Remain on Strike Until Granted Concessions. No Increase in Shipment of Coal. No Violence Reported.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WILKESBARRE, PA., Oct. 8.—Unless President Mitchell's hurried visit to New York bears fruit, the end of the mine workers' strike seems a long way off and the prospect of sufficient coal being mined to satisfy the public demand is extremely poor.

Every local union of the miners' organization throughout the hard coal belt held special meetings, either last night or to-night, and resolved to remain on strike until the mine owners grant them some concession. And while the reports of these meetings came pouring into Wikesbarre, President Mitchell dictated a letter to the President of the United States in which he gave his answer to the proposition that the strikers return to work and trust to have their condition improved through an investigating committee. What the answer of the miners' chief is, he refused to divulge, but it is difficult to conceive that with the replies of the local unions piled around him he could do otherwise than respectfully decline the President's proposition. Mr. Mitchell sent his letter to Washington before he had heard from all the locals and at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, accompanied by the three district presidents, left for New York.

It was a busy day for the miners' officials about headquarters. From early this morning until late to-night the returns came in constantly. This evening the corps of newspaper correspondents stationed here were invited to examine the reports, and not one was found that was not couched in firm language. Briefly stated the resolutions in these reports affirm the confidence of the men in the integrity and judgment of their president; praise President Roosevelt for his efforts to end the trike; denounce the presidents of the coal carrying roads for their alleged abuse of the chief executive at the conference in Washington; denounce the employment of the Coal and Iron police; thank all organizations and citizens throughout the country for financial assistance given, and denounce Governor Stone for sending troops here.

Nearly all the resolutions contained a sentence to the effect that the men will remain out "though all the troops in the United States were sent here" until they are granted some concessions.

Additional troops for this region have not yet arrived, but the general strike situation remains unchanged. There is no increase in the shipment of coal, very little of which is being produced. No violence was reported to-day.

WASHINGTON, October 8.—The answer of President John Mitchell, of the United Mine Workers' Union, to the letter of President Roosevelt, requesting that the anthracite coal miners be asked to return to work immediately, had not been received at the temporary White House up to 11 o'clock to-night. Secretary Cortelyou expects that the letter will be in the regular morning mail.

Secretary Root was in consultation with the President for more than two hours to-night, and it is thought the coal strike situation received a large amount of attention. Early in the evening, Attorney General Knox was at the White House for half an hour.

COTTON MEN'S CONVENTION.

Resolutions Adopted Concerning Statistics. The Tare on Cotton for Export—Urging Planters to Raise Supplies.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MACON, GA., Oct. 8.—Six hundred cotton growers, representing all but three of the cotton growing States of the United States, met here to-night and passed a resolution asking the government not to transfer the work of the government's division of statistics to any other department, or to do any other thing that might impair the usefulness of the division. The resolution recited that this is a critical time with the cotton growing industry, as the Mexican boll weevil has spread to every part of Texas and has decreased the yield of the plant this season 500,000 bales, and is rapidly making its way into the States east of Texas. The resolution deprecated attempt to minimize the influence of the department.

Resolutions were adopted demanding that only twenty-two pounds of cotton be deducted from each bale as tare, instead of the thirty demanded on export cotton. It was agreed that if the cotton buyers refuse this demand, the Cotton Growers' Association in each township or county shall select some suitable person and sell direct to the spinners All papers were requested to publish these resolutions.

Another resolution by F. D. Wimberly, of Georgia, called upon the cotton growers of the South to raise their own hog and hominy, so that they will be in a position to hold their cotton.

Buildings belonging to the Moore & Handley Hardware Company, Birmingham, Ala., were destroyed by fire yesterday entailing a loss of $200,000, seventy-five per cent. of which is covered by insurance.

Why Did They Abandon Pompeii?

At a period when newspaper discussions were rather vapid, despite the accredited appearance of the sea serpent and the arrival of the large potato, Max Nordau in an Austrian journal propounded a problem that should lend to useful inquiry:

Why was it that the inhabitants of Pompeii did not return to their homes after the destruction of the city?

Of the 30,000 inhabitants a few hundreds at most seem to have lost their lives. The eruption of Vesuvius lasted only a few days. The deposit of lava and ashes was not very thick. The houses might have been easily repaired. Many of them stand to this day. They were beautiful houses, many of them, richly appointed and containing valuables of great price. Had the Pompeiians no love of home, or were they too superstitious, or did their terror at the eruption make them believe the disaster might come again?

The Best Prescription for Malaria Chills and Fevers is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay. Price. 50c. sa tu th

CHARLESTON "LOST."

An Episode of the Telegraph After the Great Earthquake.

How powerfully the imagination may be stimulated by a story told in dots and dashes is illustrated by an episode of the Charleston earthquake, relates L. C. Hall. At the moment of the final shock every wire connecting Charleston with the outside world was instantly "lost." And as no other tidings could be had from the doomed city it was as if in an instant it had been swept from the face of the earth. And for many hours Charleston remained literally dead to the world.

The next morning before the average citizen had time to collect his wits the telegraph people had started out gangs of linemen to get the wires in working order. Operators in the principal offices within a radius of several hundred miles were set to calling "C. N." For a long time there was no response, but at last on the wire which I had in charge a slight answering signal was felt rather than heard—faint and flickering, like the first sign of returning life. From that moment my watch was, if possible, more diligent. For an hour or more I called, "Adjusted," and used every effort to revive the feeble pulse. I could fancy myself working desperately to resuscitate a half drowned man. Again I felt the flickering signal, and then once more all signs of life faded away. Finally as the wires were gradually cleared of debris the current began to strengthen, and then came the answering "I—I! C N," weak and unsteady, but still sufficiently plain to be made out.

To me it sounded like a voice from the tomb, and I shouted alond the tidings that Charleston was still in existence. Quickly the sounder was surrounded by a throng of excited telegraphers. The Morse was broken and unsteady at first, then the current grew stronger—the patient was growing better—and for a long time we listened to the labored clicking, until at last the worst was known. And at the end of the recital a great sigh went out from the hearts of all of us, as if literally in our presence a long buried city had been exhumed.—McClure's.

We have noticed that when refreshments are circulating around that the boy in the room keeps busy trying to get in the path of the plate.—Atchison Globe.

Quality is what makes price. If Burnett's Vanilla Extract was no better than other extracts its price would be the same. Once tried always used.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 50 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

For Rent—One furnished room suitable for one or two gentlemen. Near street car line. Address R., care STAR. oct 8 1t

Boarders Wanted—Good table board and rooms can be had by the day, week or month at 118 Market street. Mrs. Oscar Sorensen. oct 7 1t*

Miss Cammie Lord's day dancing classes will resume Monday, October 13th, Germania Hall. Class for beginners—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, 3:45 to 5:30 P. M. Class for advanced pupils—Tuesdays and Saturdays, 4 to 5:30 P. M. Patrons are invited to attend opening Friday, October 10th, 4 to 6 o'clock. Applications can then be made. oct 7 4t

Wanted—Able bodied reliable men to work in dyehouse. Wages 75c to $1.20 per day, according to ability. The American Chemical and Textile Coloring Co. oct 5 1w

For Rent—From October 1st, three-story building No. 108 Market street, recently occupied by Mr. I. L. Greenwald, the well known "shoe man." store situated on the south side of Market street, near the S. E. corner of Market and Front; one of the best business locations in the city, suitable for any kind of business. Plate glass fronts. Terms reasonable. Apply to B. H. J. Ahrens. oc 1 1f

Piano Lessons—I will reopen my Piano, Harmony and Theory Classes October 1st. Address or apply to Alfred H. Yopp, 415 Grace street. sep 30 1w

For Sale—Berkshire Pigs and Brown Leghorn Chickens. The very best. L. L. Seller, Wilmington, N. C. sep 28 1o ja 1

H. F. Mills' Dyeing, Cleaning and Repair Establishment, No. 35 North Second street, will be open October 1st. All work guaranteed. Bring your old clothes and have them made new. Economy is the road to wealth. sep 28 tf

Furniture repaired, cleaned, polished and upholstered. Antique furniture made as good as new. J. F. Murphy, 107 North Third street, Zimmerman's headquarters for wall paper. sep 25 1m*

Notice—Call up A. S. Winstead for fresh vegetables, Berries, Peaches Eggs, Butter, Lemons, Bananas, &c. I will do my best to please all Bell 'Phone 203; Inter-State 'Phone 239. A. S. Winstead, No. 213 Market street. je 13 tf

Sewing Machines, Typewriters, Organs and Furniture repaired, cleaned and revarnished; Upholstering done also. H. J. Gruman's headquarters for Wall Paper. J. S. Farrar, No. 8½ North Second street. my 16 tf

CUT FLOWERS

For Wedding Parties, Receptions, &c.

Fine assortment Dahlias, Cannas and Tuberoses.

Nice Boxes 50c and $1.00.

A Beautiful Present. Special attention to mail orders. Ask for our price list of Bulbs. Low express rates. Satisfaction guaranteed.

THE H. E. NEWBURY CO., sep 6 tf Magnolia, N. C.

Just Received.

New lot Library Lamps. A beautful lot of Pictures; Enamel Beds from $3.75 up. Nice Line Rockers, Trunks and Stoves. New lot Felt Mattresses. Come and see us and get our prices. We guarantee to undersell any firm in the city.

GASTON D. PHARES & CO.

Inter-State 'Phone 75. 110-112 Market street. sep 14 tf

Finest of the Season.

New Catch

MULLETS.

We can fill your orders promptly.

HALL & PEARSALL. Incorporated. sep 17 tf

N. Y. Apples.

21 Barrels Apples,	$3.00
110 Dozen Table Peaches,	1.35
96 Dozen June Peas,	85
218 Bushels Seed Rye,	90
4,864 Bushels R. P. Oats.	50
104 Dozen Lima Beans,	85
58 Dozen Pears,	85
72 Dozen Apples,	85

W. B. COOPER, Wholesale Grocer, oct 2 tf Wilmington, N. C.

SEED!

Rye, Wheat, Oats

FISH, Barrelled and Canned.

Mullets, Sardines, SALMON, MACKEREL, HERRING,

Bagging and Ties.

All Heavy Groceries.

THE WORTH CO., oc 1 tf Wilmington, N. C.

BY SELLING FOR

Cash Only

We cut out of our business the immense cost of keeping books, postage, collecting and extra help. We ask you, stop for a moment and think, and you will no doubt agree with us that we ought to be able to save you money. Then

Buy Our Shoes,

And we know you will agree with us that we do save you money. Try it

A full stock of DOUGLAS' and FLORSHEIM'S; also DUTTEN HOFER'S and HOGAN'S.

Children's School Shoes a specialty.

Cordially,

Mercer & Evans Co., 63½ steps only. oct 5 tf

The Ice Cream

SERVED AT

Braddy's Paris Millinery

Was made by us. Did you try it?

FARRIS' BAKERY.

15 and 17 South Second St. 'Phone 626. sep 25 tf

SUNDAY SWEETS!

WHERE?

At Plummer's

209 Princess street.

AND WHAT?

Fresh standard Candies and all kinds of Fruits.

His Ice Cream

Is the best in the city and remember there's only a few more Ice Cream days left. sep 27 tf

Bulbs, Bulbs, Bulbs

Received to-day. Hyacinth, Crocus, Freesias, Narcissus, Tulip, and Oxalis Bulbs. They are the very best imported bulbs. Plant early and get best results.

J. H. HARDIN'S Palace Pharmacy.

P. S.—New Crop Lawn Grass Seed. sep 23 tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS

You Can Buy Old Newspapers in Quantities to Suit at the STAR OFFICE

Suitable for Wrapping Paper and Excellent for Placing Under Carpet

Maxton Building and Loan Association,

MAXTON N. C

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, MAXTON.
ED. MCRAE, MAXTON.
A. J. MCKINNON, MAXTON.
G. B. PATTERSON, MAXTON.
J. B. WEATHERLY, MAXTON.
W. H. BERNARD, WILMINGTON.
M. G. MCKENZIE, MAXTON.

Initiation fee, 25 cents per share. Subscriptions to stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per share.

The management is prudent and economical as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred dollars. J. D. CROOM President.

Removal Notice!

WE BEG TO ANNOUNCE TO OUR FRIENDS AND OTHERS THAT WE HAVE MOVED OUR

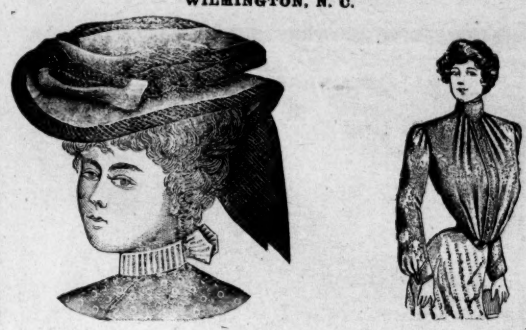
COAL AND WOOD YARD

From where it was to where it is, just a little further up the street

J. A. Springer & Co., oct 7 tf The Veteran Dealers.

The Paris Millinery Emporium,

129 MARKET STREET, NEXT TO BONITZ HOUSE, WILMINGTON, N. C.



Our new store is the place to get first class goods, latest styles and best value for your money. Notions, Novelties, Ladies' Hats, Ladies' Cloaks. Ladies' Shirt Waists in Silk, Flannel, Pique, Broadcloth and Mercerize Waist.

Tailor-made Suits from $3.95 to $15. Children's Reefer Jacket 75c to $3.50. Ladies' Trimmed Hats 19c to $40 each. Call and see us before you buy. We can save you money.

M. BRADDY, Prop. oct 5 tf

Rehder's Rehder's

FALL OPENING

Tuesday, Oct. 7, 10 A. M. to 10 P. M.

Wednesday, Oct. 8, 10 A. M. to 7 P. M.

Most Brilliant Event of the Season.

J. H. REHDER & CO. oct 5 tf

COAL, COAL, COAL.

We are prepared to offer to the public Domestic Lump Coal in any quantity at the following prices:

VIRGINIA LUMP $4 25 per ton.
RED JACKET LUMP AND EGG $5.50 per ton.
TENNESSEE SPLINT $6 00 per ton.
Mars Celebrated Blacksmith, $5 00 per ton.

Also have on hand Oak, Ash, Pine and Lightwood.
Satisfaction and prices guaranteed to meet all competition.
Bell 'Phone No. 645. Inter-State No. 72.
Ring us up when in need of fuel.

The Coal, Cement and Supply Co., sep 21 tf 214 South Front Street.

ATLANTIC TRUST AND BANKING CO.,

OF WILMINGTON, N. C.

MATT J. HEYER, President, MITCHELL P. ALLEN, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

L. B. Rogers, B. Solomon, B. H. J. Ahrens, R. R. Bellamy, A. B. Lynch, I. M. Bear, John H. Kuck, D. McEachern, C. W. Yates, J. G. L. Gieschen, Matt J. Heyer.

Capital Paid In $50,000.

Solicits your account. Pays interest on deposits at four per cent. per annum, compounded quarterly. We offer services of a strong bank! Well equipped. Safety guaranteed. The stockholders are among the foremost, wealthiest and most progressive citizens. The Directors are among the most progressive and successful business men of this city. oct 2 tf

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.,

108 Princess Street, Wilmington, N. C.

CAPITAL	$ 25,000
SURPLUS	25,000
UNDIVIDED PROFITS	25,000
ASSETS	1,000,000

The largest and strongest Savings Bank in North Carolina. Pays interest at rate of 4 per cent. per annum, compounded quarterly. All deposits subject to check without notice.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President. sep 28 tf C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier.

TENTH ANNIVERSARY.

This month the ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK celebrates its tenth anniversary. During all these years its record has been one of unbroken success.

To-day its assets, $1,750,000, tower above those of any other bank in North Carolina.

To-day its deposits of $1,375,000 largely exceed those of any North Carolina bank without exception.

It has paid to its stockholders in dividends the enormous amount of $145,000, exceeding its capital by $20,000. In addition to this, there remains a surplus of $155,000. Never before has it been so well prepared to meet and satisfy the needs of its patrons as NOW. The management begs to thank the public most heartily for its generous patronage. oc 1 tf